# ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT



FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

475 Main Street West Chicago, IL 60185 Phone: 630.293.2200 Fax: 630.293.3028

www.westchicago.org

# ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Prepared by

Nikki Giles Finance Director

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# INTRODUCTORY SECTION

This section includes miscellaneous data regarding the City of West Chicago including:

- List of Principal Officials
- Organizational Chart
- Letter of Transmittal

List of Principal Officials December 31, 2022

# **LEGISLATIVE**

City Mayor: Ruben Pineda

# **ALDERMEN**

James Beifuss
Joseph Morano
Heather Brown
Jayme Sheahan
Lori Chassee
Jeanne Short
Matthew Garling
Melissa Birch Ferguson
Sandra Dimas
Alton Hallett
Christine Dettmann
Rebecca Stout
John Jakabesin
Christopher Swiatek

# **ADMINISTRATIVE**

City Administrator: Michael L. Guttman

# **FINANCE**

Finance Director: Nikki Giles



# WEST CHICAGO

WHERE HISTORY & PROGRESS MEET

June 28, 2023

The Honorable Mayor Ruben Pineda Members of the West Chicago City Council City Administrator Michael Guttman Citizens of the City of West Chicago

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the City of West Chicago (City) for the Fiscal Year ended December 31, 2022, is hereby submitted as mandated by local ordinances and state statutes. These ordinances and statutes require that the City issue a report on its financial position and activity following the end of a fiscal period, and that this report be audited by an independent accounting firm of certified public accountants.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and reliability of the information presented in this report, including all disclosures, rests with management. The City is also responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft or misuse, and to ensure adequate accounting of data is compiled to allow for the preparation of the City of West Chicago's financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Internal control is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and that the valuation of the costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City's financial statements have been audited by Lauterbach & Amen, LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of West Chicago for the fiscal period ended December 31, 2022, are free of material misstatement. The auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide an introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

### PROFILE OF THE CITY OF WEST CHICAGO

The City of West Chicago is a diverse, family-oriented community with a rich cultural mix and a proud heritage, located in northeastern Illinois, approximately 30 miles west of Chicago. West Chicago is the first Illinois community established by the railroads and continues to be a convenient transportation hub served by three major rail lines, Illinois' third-busiest airport and three State highways. The population has nearly tripled since the 1970s, with an official population of 25,614, based upon the results of the census conducted in 2020. West Chicago became a home rule unit of government on March 3, 2004.

The equalized assessed valuation of the City reflects its strong economic condition. The City's assessed valuation has more than doubled since 1996, and one of the City's primary goals continues to be the active pursuit of commercial and industrial development that will aid in alleviating the tax burden on residents, while diversifying the long-term tax base.

The City operates under the Mayor-Council form of government. Policymaking and legislative authority are vested in the City Council, which is comprised of a Mayor and two Aldermen from each of seven wards. The City Council is responsible for, among many responsibilities, passing ordinances, adopting an annual budget, appointing committees and hiring the City Administrator. The Council members are elected to four-year staggered terms with seven Council members being elected every two years. The Mayor is elected to a four-year term. The City Administrator is responsible for carrying out the policies of and ordinances adopted by the City Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City, and for appointing all City staff except the Chief of Police.

The City provides a full range of services, including: police protection, the construction and maintenance of streets and other infrastructure, water and wastewater treatment, the distribution of potable water, the collection of wastewater and stormwater, cultural events, as well as community and economic development.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. It further prioritizes our core services and administrative functions, and reflects the policy direction established by the City Council. All department directors of the City are required to submit their budget requests to the City Administrator, who then uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget. The City Administrator presents the proposed budget to the City Council, and budget workshops with the Finance Committee begin shortly thereafter. The City targets budget adoption at a Council meeting approximately one month prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. Once approved, the City Administrator is given the flexibility to transfer amounts between Department Budgets and line items within a Fund, but City Council action is necessary to transfer money between Funds.

The following are some of the major components of the Budget Policy that the City Council has used as a continuing foundation for fiscal discipline:

- Revenues are conservatively projected using historical trends, reasonably expected changes in the coming year, and an analysis of anticipated economic conditions in the region, the state and the nation.
- Expenditures reflect realistic projections of anticipated expenses. Efforts are made to
  ensure that programs and services are realistically funded. Expenditures will be paid with
  current revenues.

#### **MAJOR INITIATIVES**

The City has been involved in a variety of projects throughout the year, which reflect its commitment to ensuring that its citizens are able to experience a high quality of life in an enviable environment. The most significant of these projects are outlined below:

- Over \$4.7 million in infrastructure projects were completed in 2022. There was \$2.8 million for water and sewer infrastructure, including the repair/rehabilitation of two water wells and two clarifiers, the repair of various sanitary sewer lines and lift stations throughout the City, and updates to its Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) system. In addition, approximately 3.75 miles of road resurfacing/repair work was completed.
- After many years of remediation work, and collaboration with state and federal partners to resolve the issues at the former Kerr-McGee factory site, the clean-up portion of the project is nearly concluded. The City was awarded a two million dollar Federal grant and plans are underway to transform the site into a new community park. The design process for the park included a significant amount of public engagement.
- The City eliminated the Administrative Services Department and re-created a Finance Department. The City undertook a national recruitment to hire a Finance Director and Assistant City Administrator to provide enhanced and new services to our internal and external customers. The City conducted a redistricting of its seven wards. Additionally, it is in the process of creating a digital map of its two cemeteries and an index of all interned.

#### FACTORS AFFECTING LOCAL FINANCIAL CONDITION

#### **Local Economy**

As West Chicago has persistently transitioned itself into a center for commerce and industry, the diversity of its retail and industrial bases has helped to reduce dependency on outside revenues. The City continues to aggressively pursue economic development opportunities and partnerships with commercial and corporate developers, and business owners, while supporting existing relationships, despite the current state of the economy.

#### **Long-Term Financial Planning**

The City performs an annual review of its strategy designed to address the structural and cyclical financial challenges that continue to face the City. This strategy includes five major components:

Reduction in Operating Expenditures — To address the structural problem of rising operating costs, the City annually undergoes a target budgeting process to manage the organization's expenditure and revenue patterns. Additionally, a comprehensive multiphased review of both the budget and cost for services continues to determine alternative ways of providing existing services, with any cost savings that result from such adjustments being reallocated to other operational and maintenance needs.

Systematic Use of Fund Reserves – As part of its Policy, the City met its reserve target for the fiscal period ending December 31, 2022. The City maintains operating reserves that may be utilized during economic downturns and other unexpected circumstances. The systematic use of reserves helps to smooth the City's expenditure patterns and minimize fluctuations in the level of services provided and maintained.

*Identification and Implementation of New Revenues* – The City annually assesses new sources of revenue to ensure the continued delivery of core services to our customers. New revenue sources that are adopted adhere to the City Council's direction that users should pay for certain services from which only they benefit and/or require.

*Increased Economic Development Focus* – The City's Economic Development Program is designed to increase and diversify the City's sales tax, utility tax and real estate tax bases. By doing so, the City has become more self-sufficient, generating revenues and reducing dependency on outside revenue sources.

Maintain and Improve City Services – The City has a proud history of providing exceptional services. During the implementation of this strategy, it was imperative that the residents and businesses not experience a reduction in service levels unless absolutely necessary. With few exceptions, the City has been able to provide excellent service with fewer employees and leaner budgets.

In addition to this financial strategy, the City continues to have a five-year Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) and a process that projects future operating budgets. The CIP lends guidance and continuity in the planning and development of budgets, but more importantly, it identifies and prioritizes infrastructure maintenance and replacement needs, and plans for projects several years in advance. The Capital Projects Fund, Water Fund and Sewer Fund each have their respective five-year plans.

# **Policy and Decision Impacts on Financial Statements**

The following policies and decisions had significant impact on the City's financial statements:

- A local Motor Fuel Tax and a Packaged Liquor Tax were implemented. The City adopted Video Gaming and the associated taxes and fees. In compliance with the City's Collateral Policy, the Finance Department staff updated the Collateral Program with one of the City's largest cash asset holders.
- In 2022, West Chicago saw a significant investment in its business community \$95 million in private construction in the DuPage Business Center, accounting for 1.8 million

square feet of new industrial space, and an additional 700,000 square feet of new private industrial space valued at \$48 million. West Chicago welcomed 64 new businesses employing 427 individuals. Ten existing businesses made significant expansions, accounting for nearly one million square feet of new construction and 120 new employees. The downtown area added seven new businesses. Ball Horticultural celebrated 100 years in West Chicago. There is significant positive financial impact from these businesses regarding permit fees, tax dollars, and employees and others utilizing the local economy. West Chicago will continue to attract and retain businesses through the creation of the City's first Economic Development Commission, and through the re-launching of the City Economic Development website, West Chicago Now.

- West Chicago has recruited and replaced approximately 20% of its 116 employee workforce in the last year. Since January 2022, there have been 19 retirements, resulting in a near complete transition of personnel in the City's management team.
- State Senator Karina Villa was able to earmark grant funds from the Illinois Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity (DCEO) for a traffic signal at Route 38 and Technology Boulevard, and for the painting of the Fremont Street Water Tower. Staff is working on the Grant Agreements associated with those projects.
- The year 2022 marked the first time the City of West Chicago raised its water rates since 2006 and its sewer rates since 2008.
- The City continued the practice of raising the property tax levy by the maximum amount permitted by non-home rule units of government to counter the increasing costs associated with police personnel.

#### AWARDS AND ACHIEVEMENTS

In September 2022, the City of West Chicago was given the designation of being ranked #9 for "Best Places to Live for Families" in the United States by Fortune Magazine. As the only Illinois municipality to make this list, this is an exceptional distinction for our community.

In October 2022, the America Planning Association recognized the City's new Comprehensive Plan as the winner of the "2022 Daniel Burnham Award," which honors comprehensive plans that advance the science and art of urban planning. West Chicago's plan was especially unique since it was created in both English and Spanish within the same overall document.

Also in October 2022, the National Forum for Heart Disease and Stroke Prevention presented the City and Healthy West Chicago with the 2022 Public Policy Award. This national award was presented in response to the continued advancement of making walking and active living more accessible to more people in West Chicago.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting from The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA), the City must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report.

This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. We believe that our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another Certificate.

The preparation of this report was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Finance Department. Each member of the Department has my sincere appreciation for the contribution made in the preparation of this report.

In closing, I would like to acknowledge and thank the Mayor and City Council for their leadership and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a progressive manner throughout the year, and for their support in maintaining high standards of professionalism in the management of the City's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

willin 63

Nikki Giles

Finance Director

# FINANCIAL SECTION

# This section includes:

- Independent Auditors' Report
- Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Basic Financial Statements
- Required Supplementary Information
- Other Supplementary Information
- Supplemental Schedule

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

# **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

June 28, 2023

The Honorable City Mayor Members of the City Council City of West Chicago, Illinois

## **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of West Chicago, Illinois, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of West Chicago, Illinois, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

# **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison schedules, and required pension and other post-employment benefit (OPEB) reporting, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

City of West Chicago, Illinois June 28, 2023

# **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of West Chicago, Illinois' basic financial statements. The other supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, other supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Lauterbach & Amen, LLP
LAUTERBACH & AMEN, LLP

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2022

Our discussion and analysis of the City of West Chicago's financial performance provides an overview of the City of West Chicago's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter, which can be found in the introductory section of this report and the City of West Chicago's financial statements, located in the basic financial statements section of this report.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's net position increased as a result of this year's operations. Net position of business-type activities increased by \$11,589,466, or 15.6 percent, while net position of the governmental activities decreased by \$9,177,423 or 16.2 percent.
- During the year, government-wide revenues for the primary government totaled \$42,181,690, while expenses totaled \$39,769,647, resulting in an increase to net position of \$2,412,043.
- The City of West Chicago's net position totaled \$133,264,032 at December 31, 2022, which includes \$143,981,489 net investment in capital assets, \$8,894,238 subject to external restrictions, and \$19,611,695 unrestricted deficit net position that is relative to a multi-year trend of spending reserves and current assets.
- The General Fund reported a decrease this year of \$11,024,379, resulting in an ending fund balance of \$11,285,846, a decrease of 49.4 percent.

#### **USING THIS REPORT**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the City of West Chicago as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City of West Chicago's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements provide readers with a broad overview of the City of West Chicago's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position reports information on all of the City of West Chicago's assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. Consideration of other non-financial factors, such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's infrastructure, is needed to assess the overall health of the City of West Chicago.

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2022

#### **USING THIS REPORT** – Continued

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements – Continued

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal period. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of West Chicago that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of West Chicago include general government, public safety and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the City of West Chicago include waterworks, sewerage and commuter parking operations.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of West Chicago, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal period. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City of West Chicago's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of West Chicago maintains eight individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Public Benefit Fund, TIF Special Tax Allocation #1 Fund, and Capital Improvement Fund, all of which are considered major funds. Data from the other four governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2022

#### **USING THIS REPORT** – Continued

#### Fund Financial Statements - Continued

#### **Governmental Funds** – Continued

The City of West Chicago adopts an annual budget for all of the governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule for these funds has been provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

## **Proprietary Funds**

The City of West Chicago maintains one proprietary fund type: enterprise. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government—wide financial statements. The City of West Chicago utilizes enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer operations, water and sewer construction, water and sewer debt retirement, and commuter parking operations.

Proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Waterworks and Sewerage Funds, which are considered to be major funds of the City, and the Commuter Parking Fund, which is a nonmajor fund.

#### **Fiduciary Funds**

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City of West Chicago's own programs. The accounting use for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

# **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### **Other Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City of West Chicago's Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (I.M.R.F.), Police Pension Fund, and retiree benefits plan, as well as budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund and any major special revenue funds. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions.

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2022

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The following tables show that in the case of the City of West Chicago, assets/deferred outflows exceeded liabilities/deferred inflows by \$133,264,032.

	Net Position								
	Governmental					Busine	ss-Type		
		Acti	vit	ies		Acti	vities	Tota	ls
		2022		2021		2022	2021	2022	2021
Current Assets	\$	36,020,148	\$	47,692,010	\$	1,352,327	( -)) ) +	37,372,475 \$	37,215,149
Capital Assets		50,991,911		52,198,435		94,359,016	94,871,879	145,350,927	147,070,314
Total Assets		87,012,059		99,890,445		95,711,343	84,395,018	182,723,402	184,285,463
Deferred Outlflows		11,311,732		5,849,356		3,093,011	1,078,107	14,404,743	6,927,463
Total Assets/Deferred Outflows		98,323,791		105,739,801		98,804,354	85,473,125	197,128,145	191,212,926
Current Liabilities		4,517,859		4,735,335		6,872,951	3,673,944	11,390,810	8,409,279
Noncurrent Liabilities		34,622,835		24,268,677		6,038,816	4,513,902	40,661,651	28,782,579
Total Liabilities		39,140,694		29,004,012		12,911,767	8,187,846	52,052,461	37,191,858
Deferred Inflows		11,791,550		20,166,819		20,102	3,002,260	11,811,652	23,169,079
Total Liabilities/Deferred Inflows		50,932,244		49,170,831		12,931,869	11,190,106	63,864,113	60,360,937
Net Position									
Net Investment in Capital Assets		50,991,911		52,198,435		92,989,578	92,843,508	143,981,489	145,041,943
Restricted		8,713,917		8,507,381		180,321	180,321	8,894,238	8,687,702
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(12,314,281)		(4,136,846)		(7,297,414)	(18,740,810)	(19,611,695)	(22,877,656)
Total Net Position	\$	47,391,547	\$	56,568,970	\$	85,872,485	5 74,283,019 \$	133,264,032 \$	130,851,989

A large portion of the City's net position, \$143,981,489, reflects its investment in capital assets (i.e., land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion, \$8,894,238, of the City of West Chicago's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining \$19,611,695 represents unrestricted deficit net position that is relative to a multi-year trend of spending reserves and current assets.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2022

## **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS – Continued**

				Changes in Net	Position		
		Governm	nental	Business	-Туре		
		Activit		Activit		Tota	
	_	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Revenues							
Program Revenues							
Charges for Services	\$	6,792,303 \$	5,322,060 \$	9,578,031 \$	9,990,809	\$ 16,370,334 \$	15,312,869
Operating Grants/Contrib.		1,112,088	376,506	-	-	1,112,088	376,506
Capital Grants/Contrib.		616,114	1,700,033	-	-	616,114	1,700,033
General Revenues							
Property Taxes		4,086,790	5,134,372	9,354	11,005	4,096,144	5,145,377
Other Taxes		639,735	800,371	-	-	639,735	800,371
Sales and Use Taxes		10,725,087	10,385,591	-	-	10,725,087	10,385,591
Income Taxes		4,173,731	3,566,536	-	-	4,173,731	3,566,536
Replacement Taxes		630,453	295,815	-	-	630,453	295,815
Utility Taxes		2,219,966	2,156,333	-	-	2,219,966	2,156,333
Video Gaming Taxes		7,836	-	-	-	7,836	-
Interest Income		104,248	1,643	75,725	-	179,973	1,643
Miscellaneous	_	1,144,739	3,386,106	265,490	373,719	1,410,229	3,759,825
Total Revenues		32,253,090	33,125,366	9,928,600	10,375,533	42,181,690	43,500,899
Expenses							
General Government		8,457,023	7,502,977	-	-	8,457,023	7,502,977
Public Safety		11,601,093	8,922,067	-	-	11,601,093	8,922,067
Culture and Recreation		49,691	47,062	-	-	49,691	47,062
Streets and Highways		5,916,606	5,494,248	-	-	5,916,606	5,494,248
Interest on Long-Term Debt		-	69	-	-	-	69
Waterworks		-	-	7,485,333	5,826,807	7,485,333	5,826,807
Sewerage		-	-	6,169,629	5,365,676	6,169,629	5,365,676
Commuter Parking		-	-	90,272	92,619	90,272	92,619
Total Expenses		26,024,413	21,966,423	13,745,234	11,285,102	39,769,647	33,251,525
Change in Net Position							
Before Transfers		6,228,677	11,158,943	(3,816,634)	(909,569)	2,412,043	10,249,374
Transfers		(15,406,100)	-	15,406,100	-	-	
Change in Net Position		(9,177,423)	11,158,943	11,589,466	(909,569)	2,412,043	10,249,374
Net Position - Beginning		56,568,970	45,410,027	74,283,019	75,192,588	130,851,989	120,602,615
Net Position - Ending	\$	47,391,547 \$	56,568,970 \$	85,872,485 \$	74,283,019	\$ 133,264,032 \$	130,851,989

Net position of the City of West Chicago's governmental activities decreased 16.2 percent (\$47,391,547 at December 31, 2022, compared to \$56,568,970 at December 31, 2021). Unrestricted net position, the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints, totaled a deficit of \$12,314,281 at December 31, 2022.

Net position of business-type activities increased 15.6 percent (\$85,872,485 at December 31, 2022 compared to \$74,283,019 at December 31, 2021). The City reported a surplus of \$6,237,578 in the Waterworks Fund and a surplus of \$5,383,568 in the Sewerage Fund and a deficit of \$31,680 in the Commuter Parking Fund.

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2022

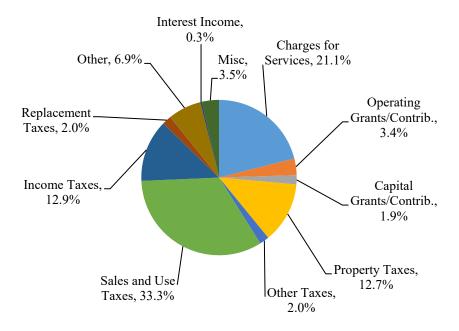
#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS – Continued**

#### **Governmental Activities**

Revenues for governmental activities totaled \$32,253,090 while the cost of all governmental functions totaled \$26,024,413. This results in a net position increase of \$6,228,677 before transfers at December 31, 2022. At December 31, 2021, revenues for governmental activities totaled \$33,125,366, while the cost of all governmental functions totaled \$21,966,423, which resulted in a surplus of \$11,158,943. Revenues for charges for services, operating grants/contributions, and income taxes increased by \$1,470,243, \$735,582, and \$607,195, respectively. Revenues for capital grants/contributions, property taxes, and miscellaneous revenues decreased by \$1,083,919, \$1,047,582, and \$2,241,367, respectively.

The following table graphically depicts the major revenue sources of the City of West Chicago. It depicts very clearly the reliance on property taxes, sales and use taxes, charges for services and other general revenues to fund governmental activities. It also clearly identifies the less significant percentage the City receives from capital grants and contributions, other taxes, and replacement taxes.

## **Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities**

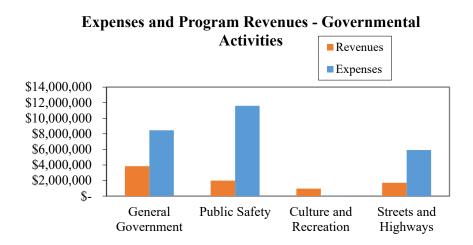


Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2022

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS – Continued**

#### **Governmental Activities** – Continued

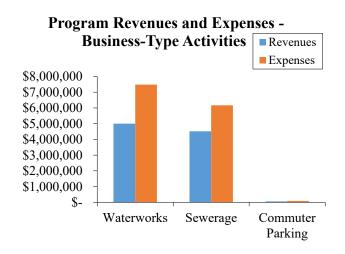
The 'Expenses and Program Revenues' Chart identifies those governmental functions where program expenses greatly exceed revenues. These expenses and revenues do not include the major revenue sources, such as property taxes, sales and use taxes and income taxes, described earlier. The Statement of Activities further outlines those revenues and expenses considered program specific.



# **Business-Type Activities**

Business-type activities posted total revenues of \$9,928,600, while the cost of all business-type activities totaled \$13,745,234. This results in a net position decrease of \$3,816,634 prior to transfers in of \$15,406,100. At December 31, 2021, revenues of \$10,375,533, were less than expenses of \$11,285,102, resulting in a decrease of \$909,569.

The chart below compares program revenues to expenses for business-type activities.



Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2022

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City of West Chicago uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the City of West Chicago's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At December 31, 2022, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$27,419,555, which is a decrease of \$9,377,701 from last year's total of \$36,797,256. Of the \$27,419,555 total, \$10,422,274 or 38.0 percent, of the fund balance constitutes unassigned fund balance, while \$159,404, or 0.6 percent, is designated as nonspendable, \$6,915,858, or 25.2 percent, has been classified as restricted funds and \$9,922,019, or 36.2 percent, has been classified as assigned funds.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. The General Fund reported a decrease change in fund balance for the fiscal year of \$11,024,379, a decrease of 49.4 percent. The General Fund decrease was due to an interfund transfer to the Waterworks Fund and Sewerage fund. These variances are further outlined on the General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance.

The Public Benefit Fund is used to account for the accumulation of funds from Kerr McGee to fund projects that meet the criteria established by the City Council and as detailed in the City Code. The fund balance in The Public Benefit Fund remained stable for the fiscal year, reporting an increase of \$40,440.

The TIF Special Tax Allocation #1 Fund reported a decrease of \$892,750 for the year. The TIF Special Tax Allocation #1 Fund will be subsequently closed, with non-property tax revenue transferred to other funds and the remaining surplus balance rebated to DuPage County for distribution to the appropriate taxing bodies.

The Capital Improvement Fund reported an increase in fund balance of \$62,921 for the year, which resulted from actual revenues of \$4,683,430 exceeding actual expenditures totaling \$4,620,509. With respect to the resulting material and labor shortages from the Pandemic outfall and due to the inflationary bidding environment, the decision was made that some capital projects, such as the building improvements at 135 W. Grand Lake Boulevard, would be deferred until fiscal year 2023.

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2022

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS - Continued

### **Proprietary Funds**

The City of West Chicago's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The City reports the Waterworks Fund and the Sewerage Funds as two major proprietary funds. The Waterworks Fund accounts for all of the operations of the municipal water plant and distribution system while the Sewerage Fund accounts for all of the operations of the municipal sewer treatment plant and collection system. Water is sold to municipal customers at a rate of \$5.00 per one thousand gallons of water and a rate of \$7.00 per one thousand gallons of sewerage. The variance between the cost of operations and the rates charged to customers is intended to finance the debt and infrastructure of the utility system, including labor costs, supplies, infrastructure maintenance and future infrastructure improvements. The Commuter Parking Fund is recorded as a non-major fund.

Each year, the City of West Chicago projects the user rates charged to be sufficient that the funds operate at a breakeven level, including amortization of future capital costs. Periodically, there will be an annual surplus or decrease due to the timing of capital projects. The increase in net position in the Waterworks Fund during the fiscal year was \$6,237,578, while the decrease in the previous fiscal year was \$738,272.

The Sewerage Fund experienced an increase in net position of \$5,383,568, while the previous fiscal year reported a decrease of \$118,410. The Commuter Parking Fund had a decrease in net position for the fiscal year of \$31,680 compared to the decrease in the previous fiscal year of \$52,887. Total net position in the Proprietary Funds was \$85,872,485 (net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted (deficit)) at December 31, 2022.

#### GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The City of West Chicago Council made one budget amendment to the General Fund during the fiscal year. General Fund actual revenues for the year totaled \$24,754,768 compared to budgeted revenues of \$19,773,500. There was better than anticipated actual results within all revenue categories, except tax revenues which came in slightly lower than anticipated. Overall General Fund revenues were increased \$4,981,268 due to intergovernmental and charges for services increasing the most.

Original budgeted expenditures of \$20,939,000 were increased \$335,700 primarily due to legal expenditures. The General Fund actual expenditures for the year were \$390,273 lower than budgeted (\$20,884,427 actual compared to \$21,274,700 final budgeted). The general government's actual expenditures were lower than budgeted expenditures by \$890,073 due to overall cost controlling measures. In addition, public safety actual expenditures were higher than budgeted expenditures by \$499,800 due to equipment purchases from drug asset forfeiture fund proceeds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2022

## CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

## **Capital Assets**

The City of West Chicago's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of December 31, 2022 was \$145,350,927, net of accumulated depreciation. This investment in capital assets includes land, construction on progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure.

	Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation												
		Gove	rnn	nental		Busin	ess-	Type					
		Ac	tivi	ties		Ac	tivit	ies		Totals			
		2022		2021		2022		2021		2022		2021	
Land	\$	20,218,128	\$	20,218,128	\$	28,040,111	\$	28,040,111	\$	48,258,239	\$	48,258,239	
Construction in Progress		82,094		-		273,807		661,069		355,901		661,069	
Land Improvements		1,269,327		1,325,643		421,384		453,496		1,690,711		1,779,139	
<b>Buildings and Improvements</b>		4,522,450		3,941,213		18,329,739		16,982,486		22,852,189		20,923,699	
Machinery and Equipment		2,320,962		2,752,224		3,007,081		3,065,401		5,328,043		5,817,625	
Infrastructure		22,578,950		23,961,227		44,286,894		45,669,316		66,865,844		69,630,543	
m . 1	Φ.	<b>7</b> 0 001 011	ф	<b>52</b> 100 125	Φ.	04.250.016	Φ.	04.051.050	Φ.	145.250.025	ф	1.45.050.21.4	
Totals	\$	50,991,911	\$	52,198,435	\$	94,359,016	\$	94,871,879	\$	145,350,927	\$	147,070,314	

This year's major additions included:

Construction in Progress	\$	149,956			
Buildings and Improvements		2,376,619			
Machinery and Equipment	193,14				
	\$	2,719,722			

Additional information on the City of West Chicago's capital assets can be found in Note 3 of this report.

## **Debt Administration**

At December 31, 2022, the City of West Chicago had total outstanding debt of \$1,369,438 as compared to \$2,028,371 at December 31, 2021, a decrease of \$658,933. The following is a comparative statement of outstanding debt:

	 Long-Term Debt Outstanding									
	Governmental Business-Type							_		
	Activities				Activi	ties	Totals			
	2022		2021		2022	2021	2022	2021		
IEPA Revolving Loan	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,369,438 \$	2,028,371 \$	1,369,438 \$	2,028,371		

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2022

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION – Continued

#### **Debt Administration - Continued**

Chapter 65, Section 5/8-5-1 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes governs computation of the legal debt margin. The City is a home rule municipality and to date, the Illinois General Assembly has set no limits for home rule municipalities. Additional information on the City of West Chicago long-term debt can be found in Note 3 of this report.

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The 2022 overall inflation rate for the United States was 6.5 percent. The 2022 inflation rate in Illinois was 5.5 percent. The 2022 inflation rate in the overall local area also was 5.5 percent, which is 1.1 percent less than 2021, but significantly greater than the 2019 and 2020 average of 1.6 percent. The items that rose the highest were food and energy, shelter, and recreation.

Amounts available for appropriation in the General Fund are \$22,440,100, an increase of 5.48% from the final 2022 budget General Fund appropriation of \$21,274,700. The City of West Chicago has budgeted increases in property taxes of 4.9 percent and sales tax of 1.0 percent. The City's major initiatives in the 2023 budget include a return to an aggressive street resurfacing program and the engineering, construction improvement to Lift Station #5, and the above-ground fuel tank. The City of West Chicago maintains its strong commitment to fiscal accountability and pledges to continue to seek innovative strategies to maximize financial responsibility.

The City of West Chicago's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2023 budget, tax rates and fees that will be charged for its governmental and business-type activities. One of those factors is the economy. Unemployment Rates for December 31, 2022, for DuPage County was 3.2 percent and the state and national unemployment rates were 4.6 and 3.5 percent, respectively. The City of West Chicago's citywide unemployment rate was 4.8 percent, which peaks in the winter months due to the seasonal nature of a larger portion of its workforce.

## REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of West Chicago's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Finance Director, City of West Chicago, 475 Main Street, West Chicago, IL 60185.

# **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The basic financial Statements include integrated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

- Government-Wide Financial Statements
- Fund Financial Statements

Governmental Funds

**Proprietary Funds** 

Fiduciary Fund

In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

Statement of Net Position December 31, 2022

**See Following Page** 

# Statement of Net Position December 31, 2022

ASSETS	G —	overnmental Activities	В	usiness -Type Activities		Totals
Current Assets						
Cash and Investments	\$	25,092,007	\$	359,303	\$	25,451,310
Receivables - Net of Allowances	Ф	10,076,651	φ	1,665,834	Ф	11,742,485
Internal Balances		692,086		(692,086)		11,742,403
Prepaids/Inventories		159,404		19,276		178,680
Total Current Assets		36,020,148		1,352,327		37,372,475
Noncurrent Assets Capital Assets Nondepreciable Depreciable Accumulated Depreciation Total Capital Assets Total Assets		20,300,222 79,146,928 (48,455,239) 50,991,911 87,012,059		28,313,918 112,932,467 (46,887,369) 94,359,016 95,711,343		48,614,140 192,079,395 (95,342,608) 145,350,927 182,723,402
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Items - IMRF		2,179,866		2,286,159		4,466,025
Deferred Items - Police Pension		9,086,866		-		9,086,866
Deferred Items - ARO		45,000		806,852		851,852
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		11,311,732		3,093,011		14,404,743
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources		98,323,791		98,804,354		197,128,145

	Governmental Activities	Business -Type Activities	Totals
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	\$ 1,318,485	\$ 2,241,971	\$ 3,560,456
Accrued Payroll	499,800	146,171	645,971
Accrued Interest Payable	-	11,732	11,732
Deposits Payable	2,020,223	-	2,020,223
Other Payables	300,416	3,758,351	4,058,767
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	378,935	714,726	1,093,661
Total Current Liabilities	4,517,859	6,872,951	11,390,810
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Compensated Absences Payable	1,515,742	154,995	1,670,737
Net Pension Liability - IMRF	2,444,555	2,563,753	5,008,308
Net Pension Liability - Police Pension	26,607,007	-	26,607,007
Total OPEB Liability - RBP	3,980,531	1,776,607	5,757,138
IEPA Revolving Loan Payable	-	693,461	693,461
Asset Retirement Obligation	75,000	850,000	925,000
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	34,622,835	6,038,816	40,661,651
Total Liabilities	39,140,694	12,911,767	52,052,461
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Items - IMRF	19,167	20,102	39,269
Deferred Items - Police Pension	7,310,714	-	7,310,714
Property Taxes	4,461,669	_	4,461,669
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	11,791,550	20,102	11,811,652
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		12,931,869	63,864,113
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	50,991,911	92,989,578	143,981,489
Restricted - Motor Fuel Tax	6,681,560	-	6,681,560
Restricted - Public Safety	705,101	_	705,101
Restricted - Property Taxes - TIF	240,025	_	240,025
Restricted - Public Benefit Projects	1,087,231	-	1,087,231
Restricted - Water	-	180,321	180,321
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(12,314,281)	(7,297,414)	(19,611,695)
Total Net Position	\$ 47,391,547	\$ 85,872,485	\$ 133,264,032

# Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Program Revenues					
		Charges	Operating	Capital			
		for	Grants/	Grants/			
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions			
Governmental Activities							
General Government	\$ 8,457,023	\$ 3,830,671	\$ 8,453	\$ -			
Public Safety	11,601,093	1,993,128	-	-			
Culture and Recreation	49,691	968,504	-	-			
Streets and Highways	5,916,606	-	1,103,635	616,114			
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>	26,024,413	6,792,303	1,112,088	616,114			
Business-Type Activities							
Waterworks	7,485,333	5,003,039	-	-			
Sewerage	6,169,629	4,516,550	-	-			
Commuter Parking	90,272	58,442	-	-			
Total Business-Type Activities	13,745,234	9,578,031	-	-			
Total Primary Government	\$ 39,769,647	\$ 16,370,334	\$ 1,112,088	\$ 616,114			

#### General Revenues

Taxes

**Property Taxes** 

**Telecommunications Taxes** 

Amusement Taxes

Cannabis Taxes

Intergovernmental - Unrestricted

Sales and Use Taxes

**Income Taxes** 

Replacement Taxes

**Utility Taxes** 

Video Gaming Taxes

Interest Income

Miscellaneous

Transfers - Internal Balances

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning

Net Position - Ending

Ne	et (Expenses)/Revenue	S
	Primary Government	
Governmental	Business-Type	
Activities	Activities	Totals
A (4.51 <b>=</b> 200)	Φ.	<b></b>
\$ (4,617,899)	\$ -	\$ (4,617,899)
(9,607,965)	-	(9,607,965)
918,813	-	918,813
(4,196,857)		(4,196,857)
(17,503,908)	-	(17,503,908)
_	(2,482,294)	(2,482,294)
_	(1,653,079)	(1,653,079)
_	(31,830)	(31,830)
	(4,167,203)	(4,167,203)
	(4,107,203)	(4,107,203)
(17,503,908)	(4,167,203)	(21,671,111)
4,086,790	9,354	4,096,144
495,381	-	495,381
102,460	-	102,460
41,894	_	41,894
11,001		11,001
10,725,087	-	10,725,087
4,173,731	-	4,173,731
630,453	_	630,453
2,219,966	_	2,219,966
7,836	_	7,836
104,248	75,725	179,973
1,144,739	265,490	1,410,229
(15,406,100)	15,406,100	-, ,
8,326,485	15,756,669	24,083,154
5,525,105	10,,00,000	2 .,000,10 1
(9,177,423)	11,589,466	2,412,043
56,568,970	74,283,019	130,851,989
\$ 47,391,547	\$ 85,872,485	\$ 133,264,032

# **Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds December 31, 2022**

		Special
		Public
	General	Benefit
ASSETS		
Cash and Investments	\$ 9,295,117	\$ 1,087,231
Receivables - Net of Allowances		
Property Taxes	4,358,551	-
Other	4,459,744	-
Due From Other Funds	692,086	-
Prepaids/Inventories	158,471	-
Total Assets	18,963,969	1,087,231
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	816,575	-
Accrued Payroll	482,774	-
Deposits Payable	2,020,223	-
Other Payables		-
Total Liabilities	3,319,572	-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Property Taxes	4,358,551	-
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	7,678,123	-
FUND BALANCES		
Nonspendable	158,471	-
Restricted	2,503,160	1,087,231
Assigned	-	-
Unassigned	8,624,215	-
Total Fund Balances	11,285,846	1,087,231
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources		
and Fund Balances	\$ 18,963,969	\$ 1,087,231

Revenue TIF	Capital Projects		
Special Tax	Capital	Nonmaion	Tatala
Allocation #1	Improvement	Nonmajor	Totals
\$ 381,371	\$ 6,205,634	\$ 8,122,654	\$ 25,092,007
-	-	97,773	4,456,324
-	1,060,610	99,973	5,620,327
-	-	-	692,086
	933	-	159,404
381,371	7,267,177	8,320,400	36,020,148
381,371	85,449	35,090	1,318,485
, -	17,026	, -	499,800
-	-	-	2,020,223
	300,416	-	300,416
381,371	402,891	35,090	4,138,924
_	288	102,830	4,461,669
381,371	403,179	137,920	8,600,593
	,		
-	933	-	159,404
-	-	5,123,526	8,713,917
-	6,863,065	3,058,954	9,922,019
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	8,624,215
-	6,863,998	8,182,480	27,419,555
<b>.</b>	<b>• •</b> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	<b>4.</b> 0. <b>22</b> 0.400	h
\$ 381,371	\$ 7,267,177	\$ 8,320,400	\$ 36,020,148

## **Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balance to the Statement of Net Position - Governmental Activities**

### **December 31, 2022**

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 27,419,555
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial	50 001 011
resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds.	50,991,911
Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the pensions not reported	
in the funds.  Deferred Items - IMRF	2,160,699
Deferred Items - Police Pension	1,776,152
Deferred Items - Asset Retirement Obligation	45,000
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current	
period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Compensated Absences Payable	(1,894,677)
Net Pension Liability - IMRF	(2,444,555)
Net Pension Liability - Police Pension	(26,607,007)
Total OPEB Liability - RBP	(3,980,531)
Asset Retirement Obligation	(75,000)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 47,391,547

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

**See Following Page** 

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Special
	General	Public Benefit
Revenues		
Taxes	\$ 4,677,902	\$ -
Intergovernmental	13,099,444	7,836
Charges for Services	2,947,860	32,604
Licenses and Permits	1,522,441	-
Fines and Forfeitures	1,353,498	-
Interest Income	104,248	-
Miscellaneous	1,049,375	
Total Revenues	24,754,768	40,440
Expenditures		
General Government	8,648,027	-
Public Safety	12,236,400	-
Capital Outlay	-	-
Total Expenditures	20,884,427	-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		
Over (Under) Expenditures	3,870,341	40,440
Other Financing Sources		
Transfers In	511,380	-
Transfers Out	(15,406,100)	-
Disposal of Capital Assets	-	-
	(14,894,720)	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	(11,024,379)	40,440
Fund Balances - Beginning	22,310,225	1,046,791
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 11,285,846	\$ 1,087,231

Revenue TIF Special Tax	Capital Projects Capital		
Allocation #1	Improvement	Nonmajor	Totals
\$ -	\$ 804,633	\$ 48,623	\$ 5,531,158
-	3,874,702	1,698,660	18,680,642
-	-	935,900	3,916,364
-	-	-	1,522,441
-	-	-	1,353,498
-	-	-	104,248
_	4,095	2,724	1,056,194
-	4,683,430	2,685,907	32,164,545
381,370	-	31,932	9,061,329
-	-	-	12,236,400
	4,620,509	306,453	4,926,962
381,370	4,620,509	338,385	26,224,691
(381,370)	62,921	2,347,522	5,939,854
-	-	-	511,380
(511,380)	-	-	(15,917,480)
_	-	88,545	88,545
(511,380)	<del>-</del>	88,545	(15,317,555)
(892,750)	62,921	2,436,067	(9,377,701)
892,750	6,801,077	5,746,413	36,797,256
\$ -	\$ 6,863,998	\$ 8,182,480	\$ 27,419,555

## Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities

## For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	(9,377,701)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.  Capital Outlays		847,289
Depreciation Expense Disposals - Cost Disposals - Accumulated Depreciation		(2,053,813) (104,951) 104,951
Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the pensions not reported in the funds.  Change in Deferred Items - IMRF  Change in Deferred Items - Police Pension  Change in Deferred Items - Asset Retirement Obligation		4,601,667 9,600,014 (15,000)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds.  Change in Compensated Absences Payable Change in Net Pension Liability - IMRF Change in Net Pension Liability - Police Pension Change in Total OPEB Liability - RBP	_	153,240 (4,900,924) (8,881,382) 849,187
Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	(9,177,423)

**Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds December 31, 2022** 

**See Following Page** 

# **Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds December 31, 2022**

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise							
				<i>7</i> 1		major		
						muter	-	
	Wa	aterworks		Sewerage	Par	king		Totals
ASSETS								
1100210								
Current Assets								
Cash and Investments	\$	-	\$	26,535	\$ 33	2,768	\$	359,303
Receivables - Net of Allowances								
Property Taxes		-		9,353		-		9,353
Accounts		795,103		858,753		2,625		1,656,481
Advances to Other Funds		-		1,850,000		-		1,850,000
Prepaids		9,638		9,638		-		19,276
Total Current Assets		804,741		2,754,279	33	5,393		3,894,413
Noncurrent Assets								
Capital Assets								
Nondepreciable	2	8,081,893		183,775	4	8,250		28,313,918
Depreciable	8	9,061,542		23,186,363	68	4,562		112,932,467
Accumulated Depreciation	(3	6,864,418)		(9,478,652)	(54	4,299)		(46,887,369)
<b>Total Noncurrent Assets</b>	8	0,279,017		13,891,486	18	8,513		94,359,016
Total Assets	8	1,083,758		16,645,765	52	3,906		98,253,429
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCE	CES							
Deferred Items - IMRF		1,314,798		951,264	2	0,097		2,286,159
Deferred Items - ARO		806,852		_		_		806,852
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		2,121,650		951,264	2	0,097		3,093,011
Total Assets and Deferred								
Outflows of Resources	8	3,205,408		17,597,029	54	4,003		101,346,440

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise							
					N	Nonmajor		
						Commuter		
		Vaterworks		Sewerage	Parking			Totals
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities								
Accounts Payable	\$	1,336,373	\$	902,498	\$	3,100	\$	2,241,971
Accrued Payroll		81,099		63,846		1,226		146,171
Accrued Interest Payable		11,732		-		-		11,732
Due to Other Funds		692,086		-		-		692,086
Advances from Other Funds		1,850,000		-		-		1,850,000
Other Payables		3,649,246		91,255		17,850		3,758,351
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt		713,379		1,347		-		714,726
Total Current Liabilities		8,333,915		1,058,946		22,176		9,415,037
Noncurrent Liabilities								
Compensated Absences		149,605		5,390		-		154,995
Net Pension Liability - IMRF		1,474,446		1,066,770		22,537		2,563,753
Total OPEB Liability - RBP		888,281		888,326		-		1,776,607
IEPA Revolving Loan		693,461		-		-		693,461
Asset Retirement Obligation		850,000		_		-		850,000
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		4,055,793		1,960,486		22,537		6,038,816
Total Liabilities		12,389,708		3,019,432		44,713		15,453,853
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred Items - IMRF		11,561		8,364		177		20,102
Total Liabilities and Deferred								
Inflows of Resources		12,401,269		3,027,796		44,890		15,473,955
NET POSITION								
Net Investment in Capital Assets		78,909,579		13,891,486		188,513		92,989,578
Restricted - Water		-		180,321		-		180,321
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(8,105,440)		497,426		310,600		(7,297,414)
Total Net Position	\$	70,804,139	\$	14,569,233	\$	499,113	\$	85,872,485

## Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise						
		• •	Nonmajor				
			Commuter				
	Waterworks	Sewerage	Parking	Totals			
Operating Revenues							
Charges for Services	\$ 4,983,638	\$ 4,507,890	\$ 29,051 \$	9,520,579			
Licenses and Permits	-	-	29,391	29,391			
Total Operating Revenues	4,983,638	4,507,890	58,442	9,549,970			
Operating Expenses							
Operations	5,458,469	5,760,331	77,317	11,296,117			
Depreciation and Amortization	1,984,617	409,298	12,955	2,406,870			
Total Operating Expenses	7,443,086	6,169,629	90,272	13,702,987			
Operating (Loss)	(2,459,448)	(1,661,739)	(31,830)	(4,153,017)			
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)							
Water and Sewer Connection Fees	19,401	8,660	-	28,061			
Property Taxes	-	9,354	-	9,354			
Interest Income	6,135	69,590	-	75,725			
Other Income	189,799	75,541	150	265,490			
Interest Expense and Fiscal Charges	(42,247)	_	-	(42,247)			
	173,088	163,145	150	336,383			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	(2,286,360)	(1,498,594)	(31,680)	(3,816,634)			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers In	8,523,938	6,882,162	-	15,406,100			
Change in Net Position	6,237,578	5,383,568	(31,680)	11,589,466			
Net Position - Beginning	64,566,561	9,185,665	530,793	74,283,019			
Net Position - Ending	\$ 70,804,139	\$ 14,569,233	\$ 499,113 \$	85,872,485			

## Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
					_	Vonmajor	_
	1	Waterworks		Sewerage		Commuter	
	_	Fund		Fund		Parking	Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities							
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$	6,561,949	\$	6,680,412	\$	59,165	\$ 13,301,526
Payments to Employees	Ċ	(1,827,350)	·	(1,317,418)		(27,618)	(3,172,386)
Payments to Suppliers		(3,997,935)		(5,313,435)		(56,947)	(9,368,317)
		736,664		49,559		(25,400)	760,823
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities							
Property Taxes		-		9,354		-	9,354
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities							
Purchase of Capital Assets		(35,484)		(32,378)		-	(67,862)
Interest on Capital Debt		(42,247)		-		-	(42,247)
Principal on Capital Debt		(658,933)		-		-	(658,933)
		(736,664)		(32,378)		-	(769,042)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest Received		-		-		-	-
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		-		26,535		(25,400)	1,135
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning		-		-		358,168	358,168
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending		-		26,535		332,768	359,303
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities							
Operating (Loss)		(2,459,448)		(1,661,739)		(31,830)	(4,153,017)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:							
Depreciation Expense		1,984,617		409,298		12,955	2,406,870
Other Income		209,200		84,201		150	293,551
(Increase) Decrease in Current Assets		1,369,111		2,088,321		573	3,458,005
Increase (Decrease) in Current Liabilities		(366,816)		(870,522)		(7,248)	(1,244,586)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	736,664	\$	49,559	\$	(25,400)	\$ 760,823

# **Statement of Fiduciary Net Position December 31, 2022**

	Pension Trust Police Pension
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 202,695
Investments Illinois Police Officer's Pension Investment Fund	39,232,305
Prepaids	7,111
Total Assets	39,442,111
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	8,526
NET POSITION	
Net Position Restricted for Pensions	\$ 39,433,585

## Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Pension Trust Police Pension
Additions	
Contributions - Employer	\$ 3,085,827
Contributions - Plan Members	448,692
Total Contributions	3,534,519
Investment Income	
Interest Earned	433,374
Net Change in Fair Value	(7,071,609)
	(6,638,235)
Less Investment Expenses	(46,963)
Net Investment Income	(6,685,198)
Total Additions	(3,150,679)
Deductions	
Administration	65,562
Benefits and Refunds	2,730,396_
Total Deductions	2,795,958
Change in Fiduciary Net Position	(5,946,637)
Net Position Restricted for Pensions	
Beginning	45,380,222
Ending	\$ 39,433,585

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2022

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of West Chicago (City), Illinois, incorporated in 1849, is a municipal corporation governed by an elected Mayor and City Council. The City's major operations include public safety, highway and street maintenance and reconstruction, forestry, building, code enforcement, public improvements, economic development, planning and zoning, water, sewer, commuter parking services, and general administrative services.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant of the City's accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the City are described below.

#### REPORTING ENTITY

The City's financial reporting entity comprises the following:

Primary Government:

City of West Chicago

In determining the financial reporting entity, the City complies with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Omnibus – an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34," and includes all component units that have a significant operational or financial relationship with the City. Based upon the criteria set forth in the GASB Statement No. 61, there are no component units included in the reporting entity.

Police Pension Employees Retirement System

The City's sworn police employees participate in the Police Pension Employees Retirement System (PPERS). PPERS functions for the benefit of these employees and is governed by a five-member pension board. Two members are appointed by the City's Mayor, one elected pension beneficiary and two elected police employees constitute the Pension Board. The participants are required to contribute a percentage of salary as established by state statute and the City is obligated to fund all remaining PPERS costs based upon actuarial valuations. The State of Illinois is authorized to establish benefit levels and the City is authorized to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels. Although it is legally separate from the City, the PPERS is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to provide retirement benefits for the City's police employees. The PPERS is reported as a fiduciary fund, and specifically a pension trust fund, due to the fiduciary responsibility exercised over the PPERS.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2022

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

#### **BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

The City's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the City as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the City's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. The City's police, highway and street maintenance and reconstruction, forestry, building, code enforcement, public improvements, economic development, planning and zoning, and general administrative services are classified as governmental activities. The City's waterworks, sewerage and commuter parking services are classified as business-type activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are: (a) presented on a consolidated basis by column; and (b) reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets/deferred outflows and receivables as well as long-term debt/deferred inflows and obligations. The City's net position is reported in three parts: net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. The City first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the City's functions and business-type activities (general government, public safety, water, sewer, etc.). The functions are supported by general government revenues (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, which include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment.

The net costs (by function or business-type activity) are normally covered by general revenue (property tax, sales tax, intergovernmental revenues, interest income, etc.).

The City allocates indirect costs paid from the General Fund to other funds for personnel who perform administrative services for those funds, along with other indirect costs deemed necessary for their operations.

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in the City's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2022

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

#### **BASIS OF PRESENTATION** – Continued

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The financial transactions of the City are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories.

GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The City can electively add funds, as major funds, which either have debt outstanding or specific community focus. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

Total assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type.

Total assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements. The following fund types are used by the City:

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2022

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

#### **BASIS OF PRESENTATION** – Continued

#### Fund Financial Statements - Continued

#### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the City:

General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is a major fund.

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The City maintains two major and three nonmajor special revenue funds. The two major funds are the Public Benefit Fund, which is used to account for the accumulation of restricted funds from Kerr McGee to fund projects that meet the criteria established by the City Council and as detailed in the City Code, and the TIF Special Tax Allocation #1 Fund, which is used to account for the accumulation of funds from restricted incremental revenue generated within the TIF #1 area.

Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of funds for the periodic payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt. The City does not currently utilize debt service funds.

Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by business-type/proprietary funds). The City maintains one major and one nonmajor capital projects fund. The Capital Improvement Fund, the major fund, is used to account for natural gas use taxes and home rule sales taxes that are set aside for funding major capital improvements throughout the City.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. The following is a description of the proprietary funds of the City:

Enterprise funds are required to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity (a) is financed with debt that is solely secured by a pledge of the net revenues, (b) has third party requirements that the cost of providing services, including capital costs, be recovered with fees and charges, or (c) establishes fees and charges based on a pricing policy designed to recover similar costs.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2022

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

#### **BASIS OF PRESENTATION** – Continued

#### Fund Financial Statements - Continued

### **Proprietary Funds** – Continued

Enterprise funds – Continued. The City maintains two major and one nonmajor enterprise funds; the major funds are the Waterworks and the Sewerage Funds. The Waterworks Fund is used to account for the provision of potable water and water treatment services to the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations and maintenance, financing and related debt service, billing and collection. The Sewerage Fund is used to account for the provision of sewer repair, treatment, and improvement services to the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations and maintenance, financing and related debt service, billing and collection.

#### **Fiduciary Funds**

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore are not available to support City programs. The reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position and is reported using accounting principles similar to proprietary funds.

Pension trust funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity for pension benefit payments. The Police Pension Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources to be used for disability and retirement annuity payments to employees covered by the plan.

The City's fiduciary fund is presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other local governments, private parties, pension participants, etc.) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the City, this fund is not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

#### MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

#### **Measurement Focus**

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2022

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

#### MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - Continued

#### Measurement Focus - Continued

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate.

All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

All proprietary and pension trust funds utilize an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary and pension trust fund equity is classified as net position.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability/deferred inflow is incurred or economic asset is used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets/deferred outflows, and liabilities/deferred inflows resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty days after year-end. The City recognizes property taxes when they become both measurable and available in accordance with GASB Codification Section P70.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2022

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

#### MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - Continued

#### **Basis of Accounting** – Continued

A sixty-day availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are recognized when due.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, sales and use taxes, franchise fees, interest revenue, and charges for services. All other revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

All proprietary and pension trust utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset is used.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap on fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

## ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY

#### **Cash and Investments**

Cash and cash equivalents on the Statement of Net Position are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and cash with fiscal agent. For the purpose of the proprietary funds "Statement of Cash Flows," cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, cash with fiscal agent, and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

Investments are generally reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. For investments, the City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets, Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs, and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2022

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

## ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY – Continued

#### Receivables

In the government-wide financial statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivable balances for governmental activities include property taxes, sales and use taxes, franchise fees, and grants. Business-type activities report utility charges as their major receivables.

#### **Interfund Receivables, Payables and Activity**

Interfund activity is reported as loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

#### Prepaids/Inventories

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaids in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaids/inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund-type prepaids/inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$10,000 - \$30,000 or more, depending on asset class, are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2022

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

## ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY – Continued

#### Capital Assets - Continued

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the City as a whole. Infrastructure such as streets and traffic signals are capitalized. The valuation basis for general capital assets are historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement costs.

Capital assets in the proprietary funds are capitalized in the fund in which they are utilized. The valuation bases for proprietary fund capital assets are the same as those used for the general capital assets. Donated capital assets are capitalized at estimated fair value on the date donated.

Depreciation on all assets is computed and recorded using the straight-line method of depreciation over the following estimated useful lives:

Land Improvements	20 Years
Buildings and Improvements	50 Years
Machinery and Equipment	5 - 15 Years
Infrastructure	65 Years

#### **Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

Deferred outflow/inflow of resources represents a consumption/acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense)/inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time.

#### **Compensated Absences**

The City accrues accumulated unpaid vacation and associated employee-related costs when earned (or estimated to be earned) by the employee. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulation rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulated sick leave that is estimated to be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement.

All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2022

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

## ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY – Continued

#### **Long-Term Obligations**

In the government-wide financial statements and for proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as expenses at the time of issuance.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### **Net Position**

In the government-wide financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted – Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislations.

Unrestricted – All other net position balances that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

#### NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### **BUDGETARY INFORMATION**

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriations are adopted for the General, special revenue, capital projects, and enterprise funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2022

#### NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY - Continued

#### **BUDGETARY INFORMATION - Continued**

All departments of the City submit requests for appropriation to the City Administrator so that a budget may be prepared. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity, and includes information on the past year, current year estimates, and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year.

The proposed budget is presented to the governing body for review. The governing body holds a public hearing and may add to, subtract from, or change appropriations, but may not change the form of the budget.

The Budget Officer is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments and line items within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level. During the year, two supplementary appropriations were approved.

#### NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

#### **DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds except the pension trust fund. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the financial statements as "cash and investments". In addition, investments are separately held by several of the City's funds. The deposits and investments of the pension trust fund are held separately from those of other funds.

Permitted Deposits and Investments – Statutes authorize the City to make deposits/invest in commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, obligations of States and their political subdivisions, credit union shares, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, Illinois Funds and the Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund.

Illinois Funds is an investment pool managed by the Illinois Public Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. The Illinois Funds is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. Investments in Illinois Funds are valued at the share price, the price for which the investment could be sold. The Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund (IMET) is a non-for-profit investment trust formed pursuant to the Illinois Municipal Code. IMET is managed by a Board of Trustees elected from the participating members. IMET is not registered with the SEC as an Investment Company. Investments in IMET are valued at the share price, the price for which the investment could be sold.

#### City

Deposits and Investments. At year-end, the carrying amount of the City's deposits for governmental and business-type activities totaled \$12,342,496 and the bank balances totaled \$12,882,695. Additionally, at year-end the City has \$13,068,537 invested in the Illinois Funds and \$40,277 invested in the Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund, which are both measured at net asset value per share as determined by the pool.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2022

#### NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

#### **DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued**

#### City - Continued

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City's investment policy states that the investment portfolio shall remain sufficiently liquid to enable the City to meet all operating requirements which may be reasonably anticipated in any City Fund. The average maturity for the Illinois Funds is less than one year and the Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund is less than one year to three years.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Besides investing in instruments authorized under State Statute, the City's investment policy does not further limit investment choices. The City limits its exposure to credit risk by primarily investing in Illinois Funds which were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's, in Illinois Metropolitan Investment Trust Convenience Fund which is rated Aaa by Moody's Moody's Investor Services, and in the Illinois Metropolitan Investment Trust 1-3 Year Fund that is rated AAAf by Moody's Moody's Investor Services.

Custodial Credit Risk. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. To limit its exposure, the City's investment policy states funds on deposit in excess of FDIC or Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation limits must be secured by collateral. Acceptable collateral shall consist of any of the following: U.S. Government Securities, obligations of Federal Agencies, obligations of the State of Illinois, general obligations of Municipal Bonds rated "A" or better, and any other collateral identified by the Illinois State Statutes as acceptable for use by the Treasurer of the State of Illinois. At year-end, the entire amount of the bank balance of deposits was covered by collateral, federal depository or equivalent insurance. In the case of investments, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral. The City's investment policy does not specifically address custodial credit risk for investments. At year-end, the City's investment in the Illinois Funds and the Illinois Metropolitan Investment Trust are not subject to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk. This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the City's investment in a single issuer. The City's investment policy states that the investment portfolio of the City shall not exceed the following limits:

- No financial institution shall hold more than 40% of the portfolio. This shall not include United States of America Securities held in safekeeping
- The Illinois Investment Pool shall not exceed 80% of the portfolio

At year-end, the City does not have any investments over five percent of cash and investments (other than investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments).

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2022

#### NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

#### **DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS** – Continued

#### **Police Pension Fund**

The Illinois Police Officers Pension Investment Fund (IPOPIF) is an investment trust fund responsible for the consolidation and fiduciary management of the pension assets of Illinois suburban and downstate police pension funds. IPOPIF was created by Public Act 101-0610, and codified within the Illinois Pension Code, becoming effective January 1, 2020, to streamline investments and eliminate unnecessary and redundant administrative costs, thereby ensuring assets are available to fund pension benefits for the beneficiaries of the participating pension funds. Participation in IPOPIF by Illinois suburban and downstate police pension funds is mandatory. Investments of the Fund are combined in a commingled external investment pool and held by IPOPIF. A schedule of investment expenses is included in IPOPIF's annual report. For additional information on IPOPIF's investments, please refer to their annual report, which can be obtained from IFPIF at 456 Fulton Street, Suite 402 Peoria, Illinois 61602 or at <a href="https://www.ipopif.org">www.ipopif.org</a>. The Fund transferred all eligible assets to the Investment Fund on October 3, 2022.

Deposits. The Fund retains all its available cash with one financial institution. Available cash is determined to be that amount which is required for the current expenditures of the Fund. The excess of available cash is required to be transferred to IPOPIF for purposes of the long-term investment for the Fund. At year-end, the carrying amount of the Fund's cash on hand totaled \$202,695 and the bank balances totaled \$205,125.

Custodial Credit Risk. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Fund's deposits may not be returned to it. The Fund's investment policy states security shall be held with a third-party custodian and all securities purchased by, and all collateral obtained by, the Board should be properly designated as an asset of the Board. No withdrawal of securities, in whole or in part, shall be made from safekeeping except by an authorized member of the Board or the Board's designee. The Fund will accept any of the following assets as collateral: government securities, obligations of Federal Agencies, obligations of Federal Instrumentalities, and obligations of the State of Illinois. Securities transactions between a broker/dealer and the third-party custodian involving a purchase or sale of securities by transfer of money or securities must be made on a "delivery versus payment" basis, if applicable, to insure that the third party custodian will have the security or money, as appropriate, in hand at the conclusion of the transaction.

*Investments*. At year-end the Fund has \$39,232,305 invested in IPOPIF, which is measured at the Net Asset Value (NAV) per share as determined by the pool. The pooled investments consist of the investments as noted in the target allocation table available at <a href="https://www.ipopif.org">www.ipopif.org</a>.

*Investment Policy*. IPOPIF's current investment policy was adopted by the Board of Trustees on December 17, 2021. IPOPIF is authorized to invest in all investments allowed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS). The IPOPIF shall not be subject to any of the limitations applicable to investments of pension fund assets currently held by the transferor pension funds under Sections 1-113.1 through 1-113.12 or Article 3 of the Illinois Pension Code.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2022

#### NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

#### **DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS** – Continued

#### Police Pension Fund - Continued

#### Rate of Return

At year-end, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 19.47%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

#### SALES TAX AGREEMENT

The City of West Chicago entered into a tax rebate agreement with a corporation in 2015. Under this agreement, the City rebates a portion of sales taxes. For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, the City rebated a total of \$160,703 in taxes under this agreement.

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

#### **Governmental Activities**

Governmental capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Nandanrasiahla				
Nondepreciable	¢ 20 210 120	¢.	¢	¢ 20.210.120
Land	\$ 20,218,128	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 20,218,128
Construction in Progress		82,094	-	82,094
	20,218,128	82,094	-	20,300,222
Depreciable				
Land Improvements	2,040,245	-	-	2,040,245
Buildings and Improvements	6,174,082	713,515	-	6,887,597
Machinery and Equipment	7,190,097	51,680	104,951	7,136,826
Infrastructure	63,082,260	-	-	63,082,260
	78,486,684	765,195	104,951	79,146,928
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Land Improvements	714,602	56,316	-	770,918
Buildings and Improvements	2,232,869	132,278	-	2,365,147
Machinery and Equipment	4,437,873	482,942	104,951	4,815,864
Infrastructure	39,121,033	1,382,277	-	40,503,310
	46,506,377	2,053,813	104,951	48,455,239
Total Net Depreciable Capital Assets	31,980,307	(1,288,618)	_	30,691,689
Telli I i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	21,200,207	(1,200,010)		2 3,37 1,007
Total Net Capital Assets	\$ 52,198,435	\$ (1,206,524)	\$ -	\$ 50,991,911

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2022

### NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

## **CAPITAL ASSETS** – Continued

#### **Governmental Activities** – Continued

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General Government	\$ 83,864
Public Safety	83,325
Culture and Recreation	49,691
Highways and Streets	 1,836,933
	\$ 2,053,813

## **Business-Type Activities**

Business-type capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Nondepreciable				
Land	\$ 28,040,111	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 28,040,111
Construction in Progress	661,069	67,862	455,124	273,807
	28,701,180	67,862	455,124	28,313,918
Depreciable				
Land Improvements	1,253,338	-	-	1,253,338
Buildings and Improvements	28,082,376	2,118,228	-	30,200,604
Machinery and Equipment	9,150,281	141,467	-	9,291,748
Infrastructure	72,186,777	-	-	72,186,777
	110,672,772	2,259,695	-	112,932,467
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Land Improvements	799,842	32,112	-	831,954
Buildings and Improvements	11,099,890	770,975	-	11,870,865
Machinery and Equipment	6,084,880	199,787	-	6,284,667
Infrastructure	26,517,461	1,382,422	-	27,899,883
	44,502,073	2,385,296	-	46,887,369
Total Net Depreciable Capital Assets	66,170,699	(125,601)	-	66,045,098
Total Net Capital Assets	\$ 94,871,879	\$ (57,739)	\$ 455,124	\$ 94,359,016

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2022

#### NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

**CAPITAL ASSETS** – Continued

**Business-Type Activities** – Continued

Depreciation expense was charged to business-type as follows:

Waterworks	\$ 1,963,043
Sewerage	409,298
Commuter Parking	 12,955
	\$ 2,385,296

#### **INTERFUND BALANCES**

Interfund balances are advances to cover cash shortages. The composition of interfund balances as of the date of this report, is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
General	Waterworks	•	692,086
General	waterworks	<u> </u>	092,080

#### INTERFUND ADVANCE

Interfund advances as of the date of this report are as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
Sewerage	Waterworks	\$ 1,850,000

The interfund advance from the Sewerage Fund was for the payoff of the Waterworks General Obligation Alternate Revenue Source Bonds of 2002. The amount will be repaid, with accrued interest.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2022

#### NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

#### INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year consisted of the following:

Transfer In	Transfer Out		Amount	
General	TIF Special Tax Allocation #1	\$	511,380	(2)
Waterworks	General		8,523,938	(1)
Sewer	General		6,882,162	(1)
		\$	15,917,480	•

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) to close the TIF Special Tax Allocation #1 Fund to the General Fund at the end of the fiscal year.

#### PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes for 2021 attach as an enforceable lien on January 1, on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December of the subsequent fiscal year (by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance). Tax bills are prepared by DuPage County and are payable in two installments, on or about June 1 and September 1. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically.

#### LONG-TERM DEBT

#### **IEPA Revolving Loan**

The City has entered into an agreement with the IEPA to provide low interest financing for waterworks improvements. The IEPA revolving loan currently outstanding is as follows:

	Fund Debt	Beginning			Ending
Issue	Retired By	Balances	Issuances	Retirements	Balances
IEPA Waterworks Revolving Loan (\$11,000,000), due in semi- annual installments of \$353,428, including interest at 2.57% through September 9, 2024.	Waterworks	\$ 2,028,371	\$ -	\$ 658,933	\$ 1,369,438

#### **Asset Retirement Obligation**

The City has recognized an asset retirement obligation (ARO) and related deferred outflow of resources in connection with its obligation to seal and abandon various water wells and demolition of the City's underground storage tanks at the end of their estimated useful lives in accordance with federal, state, and/or local requirements. The ARO was measured using actual historical costs for similar abandonments, adjusted for inflation through the end of the year. The estimated remaining useful lives of the water wells are 23-48 years and the storage tank is 3 years.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2022

#### **NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** – Continued

#### **LONG-TERM DEBT** – Continued

### **Long-Term Liability Activity**

Changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year were as follows:

Type of Debt	Beginning Balances	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balances	Amounts Due within One Year
Governmental Activities					
Compensated Absences	\$ 2,047,917	\$ 153,240	\$ 306,480 \$	1,894,677	\$ 378,935
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	( <b>-</b>				
IMRF	(2,456,369)	4,900,924		2,444,555	-
Police Pension	17,725,625	8,881,382	-	26,607,007	-
Total OPEB Liability - RBP	4,829,718	-	849,187	3,980,531	-
Asset Retirement Obligation	75,000	-	-	75,000	-
	22,221,891	13,935,546	1,155,667	35,001,770	378,935
Business-type Activities Compensated Absences	180,608	26,272	13,136	193,744	38,749
Net Pension Liability/(Asset) IMRF	(2.760.049)	5 222 701		2 562 752	
	(2,769,948)	5,333,701	- 272 271	2,563,753	
Total OPEB Liability - RBP	2,149,978	-	373,371	1,776,607	-
IEPA Revolving Loan	2,028,371	-	658,933	1,369,438	675,977
Asset Retirement Obligation	850,000	-	-	850,000	
	\$ 2,439,009	\$ 5,359,973	\$ 1,045,440	\$ 6,753,542	\$ 714,726

For governmental activities, the General Fund makes payments on the net pension liabilities, the total OPEB liability, the compensated absences, and the asset retirement obligation.

For business-type activities, the Waterworks Fund makes payments on the IEPA revolving loan. The compensated absences, the net pension liability, and the total OPEB liability are liquidated from the Waterworks and Sewerage Funds. The asset retirement obligation is being liquidated by the Waterworks Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2022

#### NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

#### **LONG-TERM DEBT** – Continued

#### **Debt Service Requirements to Maturity**

The annual debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, are as follows:

Business-Type Activities					
		IEPA Revolvin	g		
Fiscal		Loan			
Year	Principal	Principal Interest			
			_		
2023	\$ 675,977	\$ 30,879	\$ 706,856		
2024	693,461	13,395	706,856		
			_		
Totals	\$ 1,369,438	\$ 44,274	\$ 1,413,712		

## **Legal Debt Margin**

Article VII, Section 6(k) of the 1970 Illinois Constitution governs the computation of legal debt margin.

"The General Assembly may limit by law the amount and require referendum approval of debt to be incurred by home rule municipalities, payable from ad valorem property tax receipts, only in excess of the following percentages of the assessed value of its taxable property...(2) if its population is more than 25,000 and less than 500,000 an aggregate of one percent:...indebtedness which is outstanding on the effective date (July 1, 1971) of this constitution or which is thereafter approved by referendum...shall not be included in the foregoing percentage amounts."

To date the Illinois General Assembly has set no limits for home rule municipalities. The City is a home rule municipality.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2022

#### NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

#### NET POSITION CLASSIFICATIONS

Net investment in capital assets was comprised of the following as of December 31, 2022:

Governmental Activities	
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation	50,991,911
Less Capital Related Debt:	-
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 50,991,911
Business-Type Activities	
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation	94,359,016
Less Capital Related Debt:	
IEPA Revolving Loan	(1,369,438)
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 92,989,578

#### FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

In the governmental funds financial statements, the City considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The City first utilizes committed, then assigned and then unassigned fund balance when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which all three unrestricted fund balances are available.

*Nonspendable Fund Balance*. Consists of resources that cannot be spent because they are either: a) not in a spendable form; or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance. Consists of resources that are restricted to specific purposes, that is, when constraints placed on the use of resources are either: a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance. Consists of resources constrained (issuance of an ordinance) to specific purposes by the government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority, the City Council; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest-level action to remove or change the constraint.

Assigned Fund Balance. Consists of amounts that are constrained by the City Council's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by: a) the City Council itself; or b) a body or official to which the City Council has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. The City's highest level of decision-making authority is the City Council, who is authorized to assign amounts to a specific purpose.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2022

#### NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

#### **FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS** – Continued

Unassigned Fund Balance. Consists of residual net resources of a fund that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned within the General Fund and deficit fund balances of other governmental funds.

*Minimum Fund Balance Policy*. The City's budget policy states that General Fund should maintain a minimum fund balance equal to 25% of current budget projected revenue, with a target goal to increase the amount to 35%.

The following is a schedule of fund balance classifications for the governmental funds as of the date of this report:

			Special Revenue			_	Capital		
					TIF		Projects	_	
			Public		Special Tax		Capital	_	
		General	Benefit		Allocation #1		Improvement	Nonmajor	Totals
Fund Balances									
Nonspendable									
Prepaids/Inventories	\$	158,471	\$ -	\$	-	\$	933	\$ -	\$ 159,404
Restricted									
Motor Fuel Tax		1,798,059	_		-		-	4,883,501	6,681,560
Public Safety		705,101	_		-		-	-	705,101
Property Taxes									
TIF		-	-		-		-	240,025	240,025
Public Benefit Projects		-	1,087,231		-		-	-	1,087,231
		2,503,160	1,087,231		-		=	5,123,526	8,713,917
Assigned									
Capital Projects	_	-	-		-		6,863,065	3,058,954	9,922,019
Unassigned		8,624,215	-		-		-		8,624,215
Total Fund Balances	\$	11,285,846	\$ 1,087,231	\$		\$	6,863,998	\$ 8,182,480	\$ 27,419,555

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Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2022

## **NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION**

## **JOINT VENTURE**

The West Chicago/Winfield Wastewater Authority (the "Authority") was created and established by an Intergovernmental Agreement dated April 19, 2018, between the City of West Chicago, Illinois and the Village of Winfield, Illinois for the purpose of jointly treating and processing wastewater.

In accordance with the Intergovernmental Agreement dated April 19, 2018, the City of West Chicago is designated as the Operating Agency and has the day-to-day responsibilities of operations and maintenance of the Treatment Plant. The City of West Chicago is reimbursed one-eighth of the cost of salary and benefits paid to its Director of Public Works and his Administrative Assistant.

A complete separate financial statement for the Authority can be requested from the Operating Agency at 475 Main Street, West Chicago, Illinois, 60185.

## RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters; and injuries to the City's employees. These risks are provided for through participation in the Intergovernmental Risk Management Agency (IRMA) and private insurance coverage. The City has purchased insurance from private insurance companies, covered risks included medical, dental, life, and other. Premiums have been displayed as expenditures/expenses in appropriate funds. There were no significant changes in insurance coverage from the prior year and settlements did not exceed insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

IRMA is an organization of municipalities and special districts in Northeastern Illinois which have formed an association under the Illinois Intergovernmental Cooperation's Statute to pool their risk management needs. The agency administers a mix of self-insurance and commercial insurance coverages; property/casualty and workers' compensation claim administration/litigation management services; unemployment claim administration; extensive risk management/loss control consulting and training programs; and a risk information system and financial reporting service for its members.

The City's payments to IRMA are displayed on the financial statements as expenditures/expenses in appropriate funds. The City assumes the first \$2,500 of each occurrence, and IRMA has a mix of self-insurance and commercial insurance at various amounts above that level. Each member appoints one delegate, along with an alternate delegate, to represent the member on the Board of Directors. The City does not exercise any control over the activities of the Agency beyond its representation on the Board of Directors. Initial contributions are determined each year based on the individual members' eligible revenue as defined in the by-laws of IRMA and experience modification factors based on past member loss experience. Members have a contractual obligation to fund any deficit of IRMA attributable to a membership year during which they were a member. Supplemental contributions may be required to fund these deficits.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2022

## **NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION** – Continued

#### **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

## Litigation

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City's attorneys, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

#### Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

## EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The City contributes to two defined benefit pension plans, the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), a defined benefit agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system; and the Police Pension Plan that is a single-employer pension plan. Separate financial statements for the Police Pension Plan can be obtained from the Treasurer of the Police Pension Plan at 475 Main Street, West Chicago, IL 60185. IMRF does issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan as a whole, but not by individual employer. That report may be obtained online at <a href="www.imrf.org">www.imrf.org</a>. The benefit levels, employee contributions, and employer contributions are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS) and can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly.

The aggregate amount of pension expense recognized for the two pension plans is:

	 Expenses/ (Revenues)	Net Pen Liabilit (Asset	ies/	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
IMRF Police Pension	\$ 1,170,524 2,367,195	\$ 5,008,3 26,607,0		4,466,025 9,086,866	\$ 39,269 7,310,714
	\$ 3,537,719	\$ 31,615,3	315 \$	13,552,891	\$ 7,349,983

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2022

## **NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION** – Continued

## EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – Continued

## **Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF)**

## **Plan Descriptions**

Plan Administration. All employees (other than those covered by the Police Pension Plan) hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members. The plan is accounted for on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized when earned in the year that the contributions are required; benefits and refunds are recognized as an expense and liability when due and payable.

Benefits Provided. IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

IMRF provides two tiers of pension benefits. Employees hired *before* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired *on or after* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the *lesser* of:

- 3% of the original pension amount; or
- 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2022

## **NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION** – Continued

## EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

## Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) – Continued

## **Plan Descriptions** – Continued

*Plan Membership.* As of December 31, 2022, the measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Plan Members Currently Receiving Benefits	123
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	59
Active Plan Members	_67
Total	249

Contributions. As set by statute, the City's Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.50% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. For the year-ended December 31, 2022, the City's contribution was 9.08% of covered payroll.

*Net Pension Liability*. The City's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed, as of December 31, 2022, using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Market
Actuarial Assumptions Interest Rate	7.25%
Salary Increases	2.85% to 13.75%
Cost of Living Adjustments	2.75%
Inflation	2.25%

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2022

## **NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION** – Continued

## EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

## Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

## Plan Descriptions - Continued

Actuarial Assumptions – Continued. For nondisabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 106%) and Female (adjusted 105%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
Asset Class	Target	Rate of Return
		_
Fixed Income	25.50%	4.90%
Domestic Equities	35.50%	6.50%
International Equities	18.00%	7.60%
Real Estate	10.50%	6.20%
Blended	9.50%	6.25% - 9.90%
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1.00%	4.00%

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%, the same as in prior valuation. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all period of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2022

## **NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION** – Continued

## EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

## Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

## **Discount Rate Sensitivity**

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the net pension liability of the City calculated using the discount rate as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)
Net Pension Liability	\$ 10,147,914	\$ 5,008,308	\$ 915,308

## Changes in the Net Pension (Asset)/Liability

	Total Pension Liability (A)		lan Fiduciary Net Position (B)	Net Pension sset)/Liability (A) - (B)
Balances at December 31, 2021	\$42,130,911	\$	47,357,228	\$ (5,226,317)
Changes for the Year:				
Service Cost	564,842		_	564,842
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	2,983,718	_		2,983,718
Difference Between Expected and Actual				
Experience of the Total Pension Liability	1,223,702		-	1,223,702
Changes of Assumptions	-		-	-
Contributions - Employer	-		556,202	(556,202)
Contributions - Employees	-		275,652	(275,652)
Net Investment Income	-		(6,226,566)	6,226,566
Benefit Payments, including Refunds				
of Employee Contributions	(2,517,201)		(2,517,201)	-
Other (Net Transfer)			(67,651)	67,651
Net Changes	2,255,061		(7,979,564)	10,234,625
Balances at December 31, 2022	\$ 44,385,972	\$	39,377,664	\$ 5,008,308

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2022

## **NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION** – Continued

## EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

## Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) – Continued

# Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,171,025. At December 31, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Iı	Deferred iflows of desources	Totals
		resources		Coources	Totals
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	1,086,865	\$	-	\$ 1,086,865
Change in Assumptions		-		(39,269)	(39,269)
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		3,379,160		-	3,379,160
Total Deferred Amounts Related to IMRF	\$	4,466,025	\$	(39,269)	\$ 4,426,756

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

	Net Deferred
Fiscal	Outflows
Year	of Resources
	_
2023	\$ 308,044
2024	966,917
2025	1,232,512
2026	1,919,283
2027	-
Thereafter	-
Total	\$ 4,426,756

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2022

## **NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION** – Continued

## EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

## **Police Pension Plan**

## **Plan Descriptions**

Plan Administration. The Police Pension Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all sworn police personnel. The defined benefits and employee and minimum employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (40 ILCS 5/3-1) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The City accounts for the Fund as a pension trust fund. The Fund is governed by a five-member pension board. Two members of the Board are appointed by the City Mayor, one member is elected by pension beneficiaries and two members are elected by active police members.

Plan Membership. At December 31, 2022, the measurement date, membership consisted of the following:

25

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inactive Plan Members Currently Receiving Benefits	33
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	13
Active Plan Members	_ 43
Total	91

Benefits Provided. The following is a summary of the Police Pension Plan as provided for in Illinois State Statutes.

The Police Pension Plan provides retirement benefits through two tiers of benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Covered employees hired before January 1, 2011 (Tier 1), attaining the age of 50 or older with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of ½ of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.5 percent of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years, to a maximum of 75 percent of such salary. Employees with at least eight years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. The monthly benefit of a police officer who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3 percent of the original pension and 3 percent compounded annually thereafter.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2022

## **NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION** – Continued

## EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – Continued

Police Pension Plan - Continued

## **Plan Descriptions** – Continued

Benefits Provided – Continued. Covered employees hired on or after January 1, 2011 (Tier 2), attaining the age of 55 or older with 10 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to the average monthly salary obtained by dividing the total salary of the police officer during the 48 consecutive months of service within the last 60 months of service in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months of service in that period. Police officer salary for the pension purposes is capped at \$106,800, plus the lesser of ½ of the annual change in the Consumer Price Index or 3 percent compounded. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.5 percent of such a salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75 percent of such salary. Employees with at least 10 years may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced benefit (i.e., ½ percent for each month under 55). The monthly benefit of a Tier 2 police officer shall be increased annually at age 60 on the January 1<sup>st</sup> after the police officer retires, or the first anniversary of the pension starting date, whichever is later. Noncompounding increases occur annually, each January thereafter. The increase is the lesser of 3 percent or ½ of the change in the Consumer Price Index for the proceeding calendar year.

Contributions. Covered employees are required to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Police Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan and the administrative costs as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. However, effective January 1, 2011, ILCS requires the City to contribute a minimum amount annually calculated using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method that will result in the funding of 90% of the past service cost by the year 2040. For the year-ended December 31, 2022, the City's contribution was 67.19% of covered payroll.

Concentrations. At December 31, 2022 the Pension Fund does not have any investments over five percent of net position available for benefits (other than investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments).

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2022

## **NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION** – Continued

## EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

## Police Pension Plan - Continued

## **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed, as of December 31, 2022, using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Fair Value
Actuarial Assumptions Interest Rate Salary Increases	7.00%
Salary Increases	5.50%
Cost of Living Adjustments	3.00%
Inflation	3.00%

Mortality rates were based on PubS-2010(A) adjusted for Plan Status, Collar, and Illinois Public Pension Data, as Described.

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50% in the current and prior valuation. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all project future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all period of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2022

## **NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION** – Continued

## EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

## Police Pension Plan - Continued

## **Discount Rate Sensitivity**

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the net pension liability of the City calculated using the discount rate as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(5.50%)	(6.50%)	(7.50%)
Net Pension Liability	\$ 36,626,250	\$ 26,607,007	\$ 18,489,439

## **Changes in the Net Pension Liability**

	Total				
	Pension Plan Fiduciary		Net Pension		
	Liability	1	Net Position		Liability
	(A)	(B)			(A) - (B)
Balances at December 31, 2021	\$ 63,105,847	\$	45,380,222	\$	17,725,625
Changes for the Year:					
Service Cost	1,258,039		-		1,258,039
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	4,035,280		-		4,035,280
Difference Between Expected and Actual					
Experience of the Total Pension Liability	400,345		-		400,345
Changes of Assumptions	(28,523)		-		(28,523)
Contributions - Employer	-		3,085,827		(3,085,827)
Contributions - Employees	-		448,692		(448,692)
Net Investment Income	-		(6,685,198)		6,685,198
Benefit Payments, including Refunds					
of Employee Contributions	(2,730,396)		(2,730,396)		-
Administration Expense			(65,562)		65,562
Net Changes	2,934,745		(5,946,637)		8,881,382
Balances at December 31, 2022	\$ 66,040,592	\$	39,433,585	\$	26,607,007

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2022

## **NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION** – Continued

## EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

## Police Pension Plan - Continued

# Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$2,367,195. At December 31, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

_	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Totals
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	565,760	\$	(1,617,232)	\$ (1,051,472)
Change in Assumptions		3,471,374		(5,693,482)	(2,222,108)
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		5,049,732		-	5,049,732
Total Deferred Amounts Related to Police Pension	\$	9,086,866	\$	(7,310,714)	\$ 1,776,152

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

	N	et Deferred
Fiscal	Outf	lows/(Inflows)
Year	of	Resources
2023	\$	(866,469)
2024		(61,626)
2025		654,787
2026		2,000,295
2027		49,165
Thereafter		-
Total	\$	1,776,152

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2022

## **NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION** – Continued

## OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

## General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description. The City's defined benefit OPEB plan, Retiree Benefits Plan (RBP), provides OPEB for eligible permanent full-time general and public safety employees of the City. RBP is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the City. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the City Council. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided. RBP provides healthcare insurance coverage and benefits for eligible retirees and their dependents. The premium cost terms provide for payment of 100 percent of health insurance premiums for non-Medicare-eligible retirees and 100 percent of health insurance premiums for Medicare-eligible retirees paid by retirees.

*Plan Membership.* As of December 31, 2022, the measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Plan Members Currently Receiving Benefits	15
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	-
Active Plan Members	70
Total	85

## **Total OPEB Liability**

The City's total OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2022 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the same date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs. The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2022

## **NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION** – Continued

## **OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS** – Continued

## **Total OPEB Liability** – Continued

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – Continued.

Inflation	2.25%
Salary Increases	3.00%
Discount Rate	3.72%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	7.00% - 7.30% for 2022, Decreasing to an Ultimate Rate of 5.00% for 2032 and Later Years
Retirees' Share of Benefit-Related Costs	100% of Projected Health Insurance Premiums for Retirees

The discount rate was based on combination of the Expected Long-Term Rate of Return on Plan Assets and the Municipal Bond Rate.

Mortality rates were based on the PubG-2010(B) Improved Generationally using MP-2020 Improvement Rates, weighted per IMRF experience Study Report dated December 14, 2020; Age 83 for Males, Age 87 for Females.

# **Change in the Total OPEB Liability**

	Total
	OPEB
	Liability
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ 6,979,696
Changes for the Year:	
Service Cost	158,254
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	141,801
Changes of Benefit Terms	-
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	-
Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs	(1,330,339)
Benefit Payments	(192,274)
Net Changes	(1,222,558)
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$ 5,757,138

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2022

## **NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued**

## **OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS** – Continued

## Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.72%, while the prior valuation used 2.06%. The following presents the total OPEB liability, calculated using the discount rate, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher:

	Current						
	1	% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
		(2.72%)		(3.72%)		(4.72%)	
						_	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	6,462,352	\$	5,757,138	\$	5,171,193	

## Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability, calculated using a varied Healthcare Trend Rate, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a Healthcare Trend Rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher:

				Healthcare						
		Cost Trend								
	1	% Decrease		Rates		1% Increase				
		(Varies)		(Varies)	(Varies)					
						_				
Total OPEB Liability	\$	5,082,169	\$	5,757,138	\$	6,570,490				

# **OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related** to **OPEB**

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the City recognized OPEB revenue of \$1,414,832. Per GASB Statement No. 75, under the Alternative Measurement Method, changes in Total OPEB Liability are immediately recognized as expense, resulting in no deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Schedule of Employer Contributions
   Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund
   Police Pension Fund
- Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability/(Asset)
   Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund
   Police Pension Fund
- Schedule of Investment Returns Police Pension Fund
- Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Total OPEB Liability Retiree Benefits Plan
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule
   General Fund
   Public Benefit Special Revenue Fund
   TIF Special Tax Allocation #1 Special Revenue Fund

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Information – Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

## **Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund**

## Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Employer Contributions December 31, 2022

Fiscal Year	D	ctuarially etermined ontribution	in the D	ontributions Relation to Actuarially etermined contribution	E	tribution excess/ ficiency)	ss/ Covered		Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		
2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021	\$	673,208 760,973 725,095 748,485 554,570 670,212 659,290	\$	673,208 760,973 725,095 748,485 554,570 670,212 659,290	\$	- - - - -	\$	5,107,796 5,666,218 5,722,922 6,031,302 5,899,672 5,858,490 5,971,813	13.18% 13.43% 12.67% 12.41% 9.40% 11.44% 11.04%		

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method Level % Pay (Closed)

Remaining Amortization Period 21 Years

Asset Valuation Method 5-Year Smoothed Fair Value

Inflation 2.25%

Salary Increases 2.85% - 13.75%

Investment Rate of Return 7.25%

Retirement Age See the Notes to the Financial Statements

Mortality For non-disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median

income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 106%) and Female (adjusted 105%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and

future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020.

#### **Police Pension Fund**

# Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Employer Contributions December 31, 2022

Fiscal Year	Actuarially Determined Contribution	etermined Determined		ontribution Excess/ Deficiency)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2015	\$ 1,953,538	\$	1,800,000	\$ (153,538)	\$ 4,092,955	43.98%
2016	2,496,300		2,174,000	(322,300)	4,279,402	50.80%
2017	2,357,486		2,358,000	514	4,429,181	53.24%
2018	2,499,282		2,500,000	718	4,352,534	57.44%
2019	2,563,133		1,949,252	(613,881)	4,452,989	43.77%
2020	2,662,434		2,662,500	66	4,382,854	60.75%
2021	2,997,288		2,997,288	-	4,354,351	68.83%
2022	3,085,827		3,085,827	-	4,592,835	67.19%

## Notes to the Required Supplementary Information:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method Level % Pay (Closed)

Remaining Amortization Period 15 Years
Asset Valuation Method Fair Value
Inflation 2.25%
Salary Increases 3.00%
Investment Rate of Return 6.50%

Retirement Age See the Notes to the Financial Statements

Mortality RP-2000 Combined Healthy with Blue Collar Adjustment, projected to the

valuation date.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability(Asset) December 31, 2022

**See Following Page** 

# Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

# Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability(Asset) December 31, 2022

	 12/31/2015	12/31/2016	12/31/2017
Total Pension Liability Service Cost Interest Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Change of Assumptions Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions	\$ 571,996 \$ 2,352,359 (9,382) 80,218 (1,512,334)	563,551 \$ 2,455,010 616,330 (126,634) (1,553,071)	620,392 2,609,972 (516,181) (1,103,990) (1,650,895)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability Total Pension Liability - Beginning	1,482,857 31,876,833	1,955,186 33,359,690	(40,702) 35,314,876
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$ 33,359,690 \$	35,314,876 \$	35,274,174
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - Employer Contributions - Members Net Investment Income Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions Administrative Expense	\$ 673,208 \$ 230,043 140,645 (1,512,334) 398,615	760,973 \$ 254,980 1,966,231 (1,553,071) 259,549	725,095 262,899 5,355,309 (1,650,895) (416,512)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position Plan Net Position - Beginning	(69,823) 28,433,476	1,688,662 28,363,653	4,275,896 30,052,315
Plan Net Position - Ending	\$ 28,363,653 \$	30,052,315 \$	34,328,211
Employer's Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$ 4,996,037 \$	5,262,561 \$	945,963
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	85.02%	85.10%	97.32%
Covered Payroll	\$ 5,107,796 \$	5,666,218 \$	5,722,922
Employer's Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	97.81%	92.88%	16.53%

	12/31/2018		12/31/2019		12/31/2020		12/31/2021		12/31/2022
\$	566,525 2,599,095 89,045 1,066,640	\$	602,034 2,692,802 (172,461)	\$	588,612 2,775,712 408,035 (276,821)	\$	537,927 2,874,428 425,475	\$	564,842 2,983,718 1,223,702
	(1,805,678)		(1,897,435)		(2,046,716)		(2,170,482)		(2,517,201)
	2,515,627 35,274,174		1,224,940 37,789,801		1,448,822 39,014,741		1,667,348 40,463,563		2,255,061 42,130,911
\$	37,789,801	\$	39,014,741	\$	40,463,563	\$	42,130,911	\$	44,385,972
\$	748,485	\$	554,570	\$	670,212	\$	659,288	\$	556,202
Ф	271,408 (1,942,525)	φ	265,485 6,121,775	φ	263,633 5,300,760	Φ	268,732 7,083,627	Φ	275,652 (6,226,566)
	(1,805,678) 478,710		(1,897,435) (124,338)		(2,046,716) 326,833		(2,170,482) 2,673		(2,517,201) (67,651)
	(2,249,600) 34,328,211		4,920,057 32,078,611		4,514,722 36,998,668		5,843,838 41,513,390		(7,979,564) 47,357,228
\$	32,078,611	\$	36,998,668	\$	41,513,390	\$	47,357,228	\$	39,377,664
\$	5,711,190	\$	2,016,073	\$	(1,049,827)	\$	(5,226,317)	\$	5,008,308
\$	84.89% 6,031,032	\$	94.83% 5,899,672	\$	102.59% 5,858,490	\$	112.40% 5,971,815	\$	88.72% 6,125,574
	94.70%		34.17%		(17.92%)		(87.52%)		81.76%

## **Police Pension Fund**

# Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability December 31, 2022

		12/31/2015	12/31/2016	12/31/2017
Total Pension Liability				
Service Cost	\$	1,339,124 \$	1,346,476 \$	1,426,187
Interest		2,354,602	3,142,264	3,240,378
Change of Benefit Terms		-	-	-
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience		3,296,819	(372,812)	324,349
Change of Assumptions		6,855,504	(631,278)	(1,417,146)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds				
of Member Contributions		(1,595,484)	(1,696,065)	(1,958,572)
Pension Plan Administrative Expense		-	-	
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		12,250,565	1,788,585	1,615,196
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	_	41,676,250	53,926,815	55,715,400
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$	53,926,815 \$	55,715,400 \$	57,330,596
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Contributions - Employer	\$	1,800,000 \$	2,174,000 \$	2,358,000
Contributions - Members		416,324	427,412	430,974
Net Investment Income		1,079,639	1,820,171	3,115,545
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds				
of Member Contributions		(1,595,484)	(1,696,065)	(1,958,572)
Administrative Expense		(81,217)	(71,463)	(61,553)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		1,619,262	2,654,055	3,884,394
Plan Net Position - Beginning	_	21,715,759	23,335,021	25,989,076
Plan Net Position - Ending	\$	23,335,021 \$	25,989,076 \$	29,873,470
Employer's Net Pension Liability	\$	30,591,794 \$	29,726,324 \$	27,457,126
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage				
of the Total Pension Liability		43.27%	46.65%	52.11%
Covered Payroll	\$	4,092,955 \$	4,279,402 \$	4,429,181
Employer's Net Pension Liability as a				
Percentage of Covered Payroll		747.43%	694.64%	619.91%
-				

 12/31/2018		12/31/2019	12/31/2020		12/31/2021	12/31/2022
\$ 1,349,278	\$	1,296,222	\$ 1,803,080	\$	1,309,708	\$ 1,258,039
3,419,420		3,560,231	3,802,792		3,820,226	4,035,280
-		269,777	-		-	(28,523)
(338,074)		375,254	(1,541,342)		(1,107,534)	400,345
(1,140,533)		7,382,782	(6,109,580)		(3,000,207)	-
(1,995,003)		(2,405,200)	(2,214,956)		(2,703,046)	(2,730,396)
-		-	(58,044)		-	-
1,295,088		10,479,066	(4,318,050)		(1,680,853)	2,934,745
57,330,596		58,625,684	69,104,750		64,786,700	63,105,847
\$ 58,625,684	\$	69,104,750	\$ 64,786,700	\$	63,105,847	\$ 66,040,592
	•	,	,	·	,	
\$ 2,500,000	\$	1,949,252	\$ 2,662,500	\$	2,997,288	\$ 3,085,827
432,433		441,291	443,247		426,937	448,692
(1,163,991)		5,220,951	4,871,051		4,287,449	(6,685,198)
(1,995,003)		(2,405,200)	(2,214,956)		(2,703,046)	(2,730,396)
(61,890)		(61,544)	(58,044)		(61,973)	(65,562)
(288,451)		5,144,750	5,703,798		4,946,655	(5,946,637)
 29,873,470		29,585,019	34,729,769		40,433,567	45,380,222
\$ 29,585,019	\$	34,729,769	\$ 40,433,567	\$	45,380,222	\$ 39,433,585
\$ 29,040,665	\$	34,374,981	\$ 24,353,133	\$	17,725,625	\$ 26,607,007
50.46%		50.26%	62.41%		71.91%	59.71%
\$ 4,352,534	\$	4,452,989	\$ 4,382,854	\$	4,354,351	\$ 4,592,835
667.21%		771.95%	555.65%		407.08%	579.32%

## **Police Pension Fund**

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Investment Returns December 31, 2022

Fiscal Year	Annual Money- Weighted Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expense
2015	4.99%
2016	7.85%
2017	12.01%
2018	(3.89%)
2019	17.79%
2020	14.03%
2021	10.62%
2022	19.47%

**Retiree Benefits Plan** 

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Total OPEB Liability December 31, 2022

**See Following Page** 

## **Retiree Benefits Plan**

## Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Total OPEB Liability December 31, 2022

	 12/31/2017
Total OPEB Liability	
Service Cost	\$ 99,027
Interest	220,826
Changes in Benefit Terms	-
Differences Between	
Expected and Actual Experience	-
Change of Assumptions or Other Inputs	-
Benefit Payments	(205,343)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	 114,510
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	6,517,955
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	 6,632,465
	 _
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 6,941,151
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of	
Covered-Employee Payroll	95.55%

## Notes:

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information for additional years will be displayed as it becomes available.

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

Changes of Assumptions. Changes in assumptions related to the discount rate were made in 2017 to 2022.

12/31/2018		12/31/2019		12/31/2020		12/31/2021		12/31/2022	
\$	102,436 224,412	\$	46,336 251,531	\$ 93,208 184,368	\$	115,236 169,318	\$	158,254 141,801	
	- (485,359) (226,720)		(1,247,848) 1,759,270 (224,709)	- 1,172,614 (206,118)		(1,321,475) 108,963 10,109 (178,341)		- (1,330,339) (192,274)	
	(385,231) 6,632,465 6,247,234		584,580 6,247,234 6,831,814	1,244,072 6,831,814 8,075,886		(1,096,190) 8,075,886 6,979,696		(1,222,558) 6,979,696 5,757,138	
\$	7,149,386	\$	7,406,846	\$ 7,629,051	\$	7,654,620	\$	6,600,875	
	87.38%		92.24%	105.86%		91.18%		87.22%	

**General Fund** 

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Bu	Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual	
D				
Revenues	Φ 4.700 400	Φ 4.720.400	Φ 4.677.002	
Taxes	\$ 4,728,400	\$ 4,728,400	\$ 4,677,902	
Intergovernmental	10,999,000	10,999,000	13,099,444	
Charges for Services	2,093,100	2,093,100	2,947,860	
Licenses and Permits	733,000	733,000	1,522,441	
Fines and Forfeitures	665,000	665,000	1,353,498	
Interest Income	5,000	5,000	104,248	
Miscellaneous	550,000	550,000	1,049,375	
Total Revenues	19,773,500	19,773,500	24,754,768	
Expenditures				
General Government	9,202,400	9,538,100	8,648,027	
Public Safety	11,736,600	11,736,600	12,236,400	
Total Expenditures	20,939,000	21,274,700	20,884,427	
Total Expenditures	20,939,000	21,274,700	20,004,427	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,165,500)	(1,501,200)	3,870,341	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In	-	-	511,380	
Transfers Out	-	(447,300)	(15,406,100)	
	-	(447,300)	(14,894,720)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (1,165,500)	\$ (1,948,500)	(11,024,379)	
Fund Balance - Beginning			22,310,225	
Fund Balance - Ending			\$ 11,285,846	

# **Public Benefit - Special Revenue Fund**

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budget Original Final			Actual		
Revenues						
Charges for Services						
Video Gaming Terminal fee	\$	400	\$	400	\$	32,604
Intergovernmental						7.026
Video Gaming Taxes		-		-		7,836
Total Revenues		400		400		40,440
Expenditures						
Capital Outlay						
Building and Grounds Improvement		-		-		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	400	\$	400		40,440
Fund Balance - Beginning						1,046,791
Fund Balance - Ending					\$	1,087,231

# TIF Special Tax Allocation #1 - Special Revenue Fund

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Buc			
	Original	Final	Actual	
Revenues				
Taxes				
Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Expenditures				
General Government				
Contractual Servies				
Payment to Taxing Bodies	92,500	92,500	381,370	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(92,500)	(92,500)	(381,370)	
Other Financing (Uses)				
Transfers Out		(447,300)	(511,380)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(92,500)	(539,800)	(892,750)	
Fund Balance - Beginning			892,750	
Fund Balance - Ending			\$ -	

# OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

Such statements and schedules include:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedules Major Governmental Funds
- Combining Statements Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules Enterprise Funds
- Consolidated Year-End Financial Report

## INDIVIDUAL FUND DESCRIPTIONS

#### **GENERAL FUND**

The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than fiduciary funds or capital projects funds) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

## **Public Benefit Fund**

The Public Benefit Fund is used to account for the accumulation of funds from Kerr McGee to fund projects that meet the criteria established by the City Council and as detailed in the City Code

## **TIF Special Tax Allocation Fund #1**

The TIF Special Tax Allocation #1 Fund is used to account for the accumulation of funds from incremental revenue generated within the TIF #1 area.

#### **TIF Special Tax Allocation Fund #2**

The TIF Special Tax Allocation #2 Fund is used to account for the accumulation of funds from incremental revenue generated within the TIF #2 area.

## **TIF Special Tax Allocation Fund #3**

The TIF Special Tax Allocation #3 Fund is used to account for the accumulation of funds from incremental revenue generated within the TIF #3 area.

#### **Motor Fuel Tax Fund**

The Motor Fuel Tax Fund is used to account for motor fuel tax allocations from the State of Illinois and expenditures related to the City's annual road rehabilitation and construction program.

#### CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds are created to account for all resources used for the acquisition of capital facilities by a governmental unit except those financed by Proprietary Funds.

#### **Capital Improvement Fund**

The Capital Improvement Fund is used to account for property taxes, natural gas use taxes and home rule sales taxes that are set aside for funding major capital improvements throughout the City.

## **Capital Equipment Replacement Fund**

The Capital Equipment Replacement Fund is used to account for funds set aside be the City Council during the budget process and costs allocated to user departments for future capital fleet purchases.

## INDIVIDUAL FUND DESCRIPTIONS

#### **ENTERPRISE FUNDS**

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where it has been decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purpose.

#### **Waterworks Fund**

The Waterworks Fund is used to account for the provision of potable water and water treatment services to the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations and maintenance, financing and related debt service, billing and collection.

## **Sewerage Fund**

The Sewerage Fund is used to account for the provision of sewer repair, treatment, and improvement services to the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations and maintenance, financing and related debt service, billing and collection.

## **Commuter Parking Fund**

The Commuter Parking Fund is used to account for commuter parking facilities operated be the City that are financed by user fees.

#### PENSION TRUST FUND

#### **Police Pension Fund**

The Police Pension Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources to be used for retirement annuity payments to employees on the police force at appropriate amounts and times in the future. Resources are contributed by employees at rates fixed by law and by the City at amounts determined by an annual actuarial study.

**General Fund** 

Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Bu		
	Original	Final	Actual
Taxes			
Property Taxes	\$ 4,043,400	\$ 4,043,400	\$ 4,038,167
Telecommunications Tax	550,000	550,000	495,381
Amusement Tax	100,000	100,000	102,460
Cannabis Tax	35,000	35,000	41,894
	4,728,400	4,728,400	4,677,902
Intergovernmental			
Sales Tax	5,150,000	5,150,000	5,831,269
Income Tax	3,280,000	3,280,000	4,173,731
Utility Tax	1,400,000	1,400,000	1,415,333
Use Tax	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,019,116
MFT Local	-	-	21,089
Personal Property Replacement Tax	165,000	165,000	630,453
Grants	4,000	4,000	8,453
	10,999,000	10,999,000	13,099,444
Charges for Services			
Weed Cutting Fees	2,500	2,500	9,881
Brush Collection Fees	106,000	106,000	107,294
Police Counter Service	15,000	15,000	-
Police Contractual Services	340,000	340,000	525,370
Change of Occupancy Fees	125,000	125,000	112,989
Rental Inspections	160,000	160,000	220,037
Business Registration	30,000	30,000	29,692
Foreclosed or Vacant Registration	20,000	20,000	16,688
Relocate Fees	5,000	5,000	11,670
Police Towing	35,000	35,000	62,675
Plan Review Fees	20,000	20,000	8,622
Engineering Fees	300,000	300,000	729,953
Transfer Station Fees	650,000	650,000	778,170
Cable Franchise Fee	275,000	275,000	241,800
Property Rental	9,600	9,600	52,896
Tower Rental Fees	-	- -	40,123
	2,093,100	2,093,100	2,947,860

**General Fund** 

Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual - Continued For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Bı		
	Original	Final	Actual
Licenses and Permits			
Building Permits	\$ 400,000	\$ 400,000	\$ 1,226,104
Building Contractors Licenses	50,000	50,000	57,340
Oversize Truck Permits	35,000	35,000	51,585
Liquor Licenses	150,000	150,000	108,104
Vending Machine/Business Licenses	75,000	75,000	52,295
Other Licenses and Permits	23,000	23,000	27,013
	733,000	733,000	1,522,441
Fines and Forfeits			
Circuit Court Fines	300,000	300,000	257,239
Local Fines	365,000	365,000	935,073
Seizures	303,000	303,000	161,186
Seizures	665,000	665,000	1,353,498
		002,000	1,355,176
Interest			
Interest Income	5,000	5,000	104,248
Miscellaneous			
Cemetery Lot Sales	40,000	40,000	35,500
Other Reimbursements	50,000	50,000	148,437
Health Insurance Reimbursements	160,000	160,000	290,587
IPBC and IRMA Revenue	200,000	200,000	471,573
Other Miscellaneous	100,000	100,000	103,278
	550,000	550,000	1,049,375
Total Revenues	\$ 19,773,500	\$ 19,773,500	\$ 24,754,768

**General Fund** 

# Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Bu	Budget			
	Original	Final	Actual		
General Government					
Legislative	\$ 211,200	\$ 211,200	\$ 164,982		
Administration	1,166,400	1,176,400	771,138		
Finance Dept	3,108,300	3,309,800	2,978,613		
Public Works	2,935,500	2,935,500	2,937,554		
Community Development	1,781,000	1,905,200	1,795,740		
	9,202,400	9,538,100	8,648,027		
Public Safety					
Police Department	11,736,600	11,736,600	12,236,400		
Total Expenditures	\$ 20,939,000	\$ 21,274,700	\$ 20,884,427		

**General Fund** 

Schedule of Detailed Expenditures - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budget				
	(	Original		Final	Actual
General Government					
Legislative					
Personal Services					
Salary of Aldermen	\$	33,600	\$	33,600	\$ 24,095
Salary of Mayor		15,000		15,000	15,125
Salary of Corporate Counsel		3,000		3,000	3,000
Salary of City Clerk		4,500		4,500	413
FICA and Medicare		4,100		4,100	3,032
Contractual Services					
Legal Fees		40,000		40,000	28,835
Consultants		1,000		1,000	_
Training and Tuition		3,000		3,000	477
Memberships/Dues/Subscriptions		45,000		45,000	32,098
Legal Notices		1,500		1,500	-
Printing and Binding		10,000		10,000	5,003
Legal Reporter Fees		500		500	-
Commodities					
Computer and Office Supplies		800		800	57
Postage		700		700	324
Miscellaneous Commodities		2,500		2,500	1,993
Grant Distribution		45,000		45,000	50,000
Other Charges		1,000		1,000	530
Total Legislative		211,200		211,200	 164,982

General Fund

Schedule of Detailed Expenditures - Budget and Actual - Continued
For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budget					
		Original		Final		Actual
General Government - Continued						
Administration						
Personal Services						
Administrative Salaries	\$	220,400	\$	220,400	\$	224,273
FICA and Medicare	φ	16,900	Ψ	16,900	Ψ	13,793
ICMA		37,300		37,300		37,921
IMRF		20,100		20,100		19,805
Unemployment Insurance		20,100		20,100		4,452
Contractual Services		_		_		7,732
Legal Fees		5,000		5,000		1,985
Newsletter Preparation		33,000		33,000		18,168
Training and Tuition		4,000		4,000		284
Memberships/Dues/Subscriptions		8,000		8,000		4,073
Software Maintenance		12,000		12,000		7,725
Telephone and Alarms		51,500		51,500		74,979
Electric		1,000		1,000		879
Printing and Binding		1,000		1,000		45
Advertising		25,000		25,000		9,933
Other Contractual Services		643,000		643,000		193,112
IRMA General Insurance		4,000		4,000		7,563
Recycling		-		-		51,573
Commodities						,- ,-
Sales Tax Rebate		65,000		75,000		86,126
Computer and Office Supplies		1,100		1,100		3,130
Gallery 200		6,000		6,000		6,000
Arts Programming Supplies		5,000		5,000		3,257
Special Events		500		500		500
Gas and Oil		1,000		1,000		578
Postage		100		100		-
Miscellaneous		5,000		5,000		775
Other Charges		500		500		209
Total Administration		1,166,400		1,176,400		771,138

General Fund

Schedule of Detailed Expenditures - Budget and Actual - Continued
For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budget			
	Original		Final	Actual
General Government - Continued				
Finance Dept				
Personal Services				
Administrative Salaries	\$ 365,80	0 \$	415,800	\$ 410,452
FICA and Medicare	28,20		32,200	29,296
ICMA	7,30		7,300	6,716
Health/Dental/Life Insurance	1,873,90		1,873,900	1,887,939
IMRF	33,40		38,400	36,908
Unemployment Insurance	_		-	400
Contractual Services				
Legal Fees	46,50	0	171,500	121,466
Audit Fees	15,80	0	15,800	16,854
Consultants	96,00	0	96,000	74,174
Network Charges	15,00	0	15,000	17,515
Pre-Employment Exams	20,00	0	20,000	26,697
Training and Tuition	10,00	0	10,000	4,374
Memberships/Dues/Subscriptions	3,30	0	3,300	1,953
Software Maintenance	143,50	0	143,500	132,599
Telephone and Alarms	19,10	0	36,600	40,313
Advertising	1,50	0	1,500	1,164
Other Contractual Services	65,00	0	65,000	44,109
IRMA General Insurance	4,00	0	4,000	7,563
Office Equipment Maintenance and Repair	17,00	0	17,000	9,778
Postage Meter Rental	2,00	0	2,000	2,068
Copier Fees	1,10	0	1,100	735
Commodities				
Computer and Office Supplies	10,50	0	10,500	5,832
Gas and Oil	10	0	100	20
Postage	5,00	0	5,000	2,626
Miscellaneous Commodities	60	0	600	236
Safety Program	5,00	0	5,000	6,062
Special Events	7,50	0	7,500	5,623
Bank Fees	10,00	0	10,000	12,823
Other Charges	20	0	200	59

**General Fund** 

Schedule of Detailed Expenditures - Budget and Actual - Continued For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budget				
		Original		Final	Actual
General Government - Continued Finance Dept - Continued Capital Outlay					
Other Capital Outlay	\$	205,000	\$	205,000	\$ 26,050
MIS Replacement		96,000		96,000	46,209
Total Finance Dept		3,108,300		3,309,800	2,978,613
Public Works					
Personal Services					
Administrative Salaries		246,500		246,500	271,884
Operating Salaries		743,700		743,700	679,164
Administrative Salaries - Overtime		83,000		83,000	87,238
FICA and Medicare		82,300		82,300	77,376
IMRF		97,600		97,600	92,836
Contractual Services					
Legal Fees		6,000		6,000	782
Legal Notices		100		100	-
Pre-employment Exams		700		700	415
Training and Tuition		7,000		7,000	7,289
Memberships/Dues/Subscriptions		1,400		1,400	1,057
Telephone and Alarms		72,300		72,300	83,546
Interments Program		20,000		20,000	19,850
Brush Pickup		102,700		102,700	96,775
Grounds Maintenance		54,300		54,300	46,375
Cemetery Maintenance		7,200		7,200	6,000
Janitor Contract		45,000		45,000	47,715
Heating Gas		7,500		7,500	24,130
Electric		3,000		3,000	1,415
Other Contractual Services		162,000		162,000	66,293

General Fund

Schedule of Detailed Expenditures - Budget and Actual - Continued
For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budget				
		Original Final		Actual	
General Government - Continued					
Public Works - Continued					
Contractual Services - Continued					
IRMA General Insurance	\$	55,600	\$	55,600	\$ 105,882
Other Insurance		16,500		16,500	-
Payment to Taxing Bodies		175,000		175,000	212,684
Vehicle Maintenance and Repair		45,000		45,000	46,449
Commodities					
Computer and Office Supplies		3,000		3,000	3,962
Parts for Vehicles		180,000		180,000	200,001
Tools and Equipment		34,000		34,000	34,399
Gas and Oil		66,500		66,500	87,760
Postage		200		200	63
Uniforms and Safety Equipment		13,500		13,500	18,882
Miscellaneous		85,200		85,200	98,632
Capital Outlay					
Vehicles		518,700		518,700	518,700
Total Public Works		2,935,500		2,935,500	2,937,554

General Fund

Schedule of Detailed Expenditures - Budget and Actual - Continued
For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budget					
		Original		Final		Actual
General Government - Continued						
Community Development						
Personal Services						
Commissions Salary	\$	800	\$	800	\$	1,035
Administrative Salaries	Ψ	590,600	Ψ	590,600	φ	584,310
FICA and Medicare		45,400		45,400		43,041
IMRF		53,800		53,800		51,623
Unemployment Insurance		33,000		33,000		6,120
Contractual Services		-		-		0,120
Legal Fees		38,000		88,000		74,386
Training and Tuition		1,800		1,800		1,650
Memberships/Dues/Subscriptions		1,300		1,300		1,928
Enforcement & Inspections		355,400		355,400		377,993
Plan Review		138,300		138,300		109,581
Software Maintenance		13,500		13,500		13,864
Legal Notices		3,500		3,500		8,319
Telephone and Alarms		121,000		121,000		111,879
Weed Cutting		5,000		5,000		6,081
Printing and Binding		3,000		3,000		2,372
Legal Reporter		5,000		5,000		11,204
Filing Fees		5,000		5,000		7,783
Microfiche Expenditures		7,500		7,500		6,988
Other Contractual Services		83,200		127,400		150,632
IRMA General Insurance		7,900		7,900		10,132
Copier Fees		800		800		551
Grounds Maintenace		14,000		14,000		-
Commodities		14,000		14,000		
Computer and Office Supplies		2,600		2,600		4,031
Maps and Plats		1,800		1,800		1,551
Gas and Oil		200		200		344
Postage		1,300		1,300		375
Uniforms and Safety Equipment		300		300		-
Miscellaneous Commodities		300		300		_
Special Events		157,500		157,500		162,375
Prospect Development		1,000		1,000		60
Other Charges		500		500		-
outer charges		200		200		

General Fund

Schedule of Detailed Expenditures - Budget and Actual - Continued
For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budget				
	Orig	ginal		Final	Actual
General Government - Continued					
Community Development - Continued					
Capital Outlay					
Office Equipment	\$	13,500	\$	13,500	\$ 1,979
Land		56,500		56,500	43,553
Machinery		700		700	-
Other		50,000		80,000	 
Total Community Development	1,7	781,000		1,905,200	1,795,740
Total General Government	9.2	202,400		9,538,100	8,648,027
		- <b>,</b>		. , ,	
Public Safety					
Police Department					
Personal Services					
Administrative Salaries	9	938,000		938,000	935,733
Patrolman Salaries	3,5	538,000		3,538,000	3,649,987
Sergeants Salaries		787,300		787,300	778,187
CSO Salaries	-	121,600		121,600	104,076
Contract Services Salaries		10,000		10,000	13,958
Administrative Services - Overtime	4	160,000		460,000	550,025
CSO - Overtime		5,000		5,000	8,125
FICA and Medicare	4	148,300		448,300	447,036
Police Pension	3,	100,000		3,100,000	3,085,827
IMRF		43,600		43,600	34,125
Contractual Services					
Legal Fees	-	125,800		125,800	94,609
Training and Tuition		58,400		58,400	57,865
Officer Training and Mileage		4,300		4,300	4,023
Memberships/Dues/Subscriptions		20,000		20,000	16,071
Software Maintenance		77,000		77,000	135,524
Telephone and Alarms	4	265,800		265,800	295,608
Printing and Binding		7,000		7,000	5,521
Grounds Maintenance		1,200		1,200	1,325
DuComm Quarterly Share	4	567,500		567,500	566,069
Other Contractual Services		148,100		148,100	105,965
Graffiti Removal		12,000		12,000	8,700

General Fund

Schedule of Detailed Expenditures - Budget and Actual - Continued
For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budget					
		Original		Final		Actual
Public Safety - Continued						
Police Department - Continued						
Contractual Services - Continued						
Reception Support	\$	143,400	\$	143,400	\$	76,975
Crossing Guard - Contractual	Ψ	62,100	Ψ	62,100	Ψ	25,058
IRMA General Insurance		211,400		211,400		402,935
Other Insurance		10,000		10,000		-
Radio/Radar Equipment Maint. and Repair		18,600		18,600		10,905
Office Equipment and Repair		13,200		13,200		8,741
Postage Meter Rental		1,200		1,200		960
Copier Fees		7,000		7,000		4,426
Commodities		,,000		,,000		.,.20
Computer and Office Supplies		5,000		5,000		2,363
Field Equipment		17,100		17,100		13,583
Gas and Oil		77,300		77,300		91,213
Postage		6,100		6,100		-
Uniform and Safety Equipment		78,800		78,800		73,657
Vehicle License Fees		3,900		3,900		854
First Aid Supplies		1,100		1,100		231
Ammunition and Firearms		31,600		31,600		28,818
Cert Supplies		5,000		5,000		3,555
Miscellaneous Commodities		17,700		17,700		15,356
Tools and Equipment		100		100		1,486
Crime Prevention		50,500		50,500		340,325
Capital Outlay						
Vehicles		236,600		236,600		236,600
Total Public Safety		11,736,600		11,736,600	1	2,236,400
Total Expenditures	\$	20,939,000	\$	21,274,700	\$ 2	0,884,427

## **Capital Improvement - Capital Projects Fund**

	Buc	Budget				
	Original	Final	Actual			
Revenues						
Taxes						
Utility Taxes	\$ 750,000	\$ 750,000	\$ 804,633			
Intergovernmental						
Sales Taxes	3,300,000	3,300,000	3,874,702			
Grants	1,144,000	1,144,000	-			
Interest Income	2,000	2,000	-			
Miscellaneous	4,500	4,500	4,095			
Total Revenues	5,200,500	5,200,500	4,683,430			
Expenditures						
Capital Outlay	6,562,900	6,887,900	4,620,509			
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (1,362,400)	\$ (1,687,400)	62,921			
Fund Balance - Beginning			6,801,077			
Fund Balance - Ending			\$ 6,863,998			

## **Capital Improvement - Capital Projects Fund**

# Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Bu		
	Original	Final	Actual
Capital Outlay			
Administrative Salaries	\$ 145,300	\$ 145,300	\$ 182,327
Operational Salaries	186,000	186,000	173,699
Administrative Salaries - Overtime	25,000	25,000	19,368
FICA and Medicare	27,300	27,300	26,915
Health/Dental/Life Insurance	41,700	41,700	41,685
IMRF	32,400	32,400	33,416
Legal Fees	52,400	52,400	17,527
Auditing Fees	4,300	4,300	4,741
Legal Notices	1,000	1,000	210
Other Contractual Services	984,700	984,700	946,358
Traffic Signal Maintenance	32,500	32,500	35,185
Street Light Maintenance	27,500	27,500	52,428
IRMA General Insurance	5,300	5,300	
	·	•	10,084
Sales Tax Rebate	60,000	60,000	74,577
Street Patch Materials	2,000	2,000	-
Street Paint	4,000	4,000	3,978
Ice Control Materials	65,000	65,000	18,575
Street Light Materials	95,000	95,000	96,946
Storm Sewer Repair	20,000	20,000	21,841
Rock Salt	405,000	405,000	187,576
Bit Patch Cold	11,000	11,000	2,773
Bit Patch Hot	51,000	51,000	22,844
<b>Building and Grounds Improvements</b>	135,000	135,000	2,670
Street Improvements	2,423,100	2,423,100	543,415
Land	-	325,000	325,000
Other Capital Outlay	1,778,800	1,778,800	1,776,371
Total Expenditures	\$ 6,562,900	\$ 6,887,900	\$ 4,620,509

## **Nonmajor Governmental Funds**

**Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2022** 

	Special
	TIF
	Special Tax
	Allocation #2
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 185,354
Receivables - Net of Allowances	
Property Taxes	69,222
Other	
Total Assets	254,576
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Taxes	69,222
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	07,222
of Resources	69,222
FUND BALANCES	
Restricted	185,354
Assigned	-
Total Fund Balances	185,354
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	
Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 254,576

TIF         Motor         Capital Equipment           Allocation #3         Fuel         Equipment           \$ 80,527         \$ 4,797,656         \$ 3,059,117         \$ 8,122,6           28,551         -         -         97,7           -         99,973         -         99,9           109,078         4,897,629         3,059,117         8,320,4           20,799         14,128         163         35,0           54,407         14,128         163         137,5           54,671         4,883,501         -         5,123,5           -         -         3,058,954         3,058,954			Capital	
Special Tax Allocation #3         Fuel Tax         Equipment Replacement         Totals           \$ 80,527         \$ 4,797,656         \$ 3,059,117         \$ 8,122,000           28,551         -         -         97,700           -         99,973         -         99,973           109,078         4,897,629         3,059,117         8,320,000           20,799         14,128         163         35,000           54,407         14,128         163         137,000           54,671         4,883,501         -         5,123,000           -         -         3,058,954         3,058,954			Projects	
Allocation #3       Tax       Replacement       Totals         \$ 80,527       \$ 4,797,656       \$ 3,059,117       \$ 8,122,6         28,551       -       -       97,7         -       99,973       -       99,9         109,078       4,897,629       3,059,117       8,320,2         20,799       14,128       163       35,0         54,407       14,128       163       137,5         54,671       4,883,501       -       5,123,5         -       3,058,954       3,058,954       3,058,954				
\$ 80,527 \$ 4,797,656 \$ 3,059,117 \$ 8,122,000 \$ 28,551				
28,551       -       -       97,         -       99,973       -       99,9         109,078       4,897,629       3,059,117       8,320,-         20,799       14,128       163       35,0         33,608       -       -       102,1         54,407       14,128       163       137,9         54,671       4,883,501       -       5,123,-         -       3,058,954       3,058,954       3,058,954	Allocation #3	Tax	Replacement	Totals
28,551       -       -       97,         -       99,973       -       99,9         109,078       4,897,629       3,059,117       8,320,-         20,799       14,128       163       35,0         33,608       -       -       102,1         54,407       14,128       163       137,9         54,671       4,883,501       -       5,123,-         -       3,058,954       3,058,954       3,058,954				
-       99,973       -       99,9         109,078       4,897,629       3,059,117       8,320,4         20,799       14,128       163       35,0         33,608       -       -       102,3         54,407       14,128       163       137,9         54,671       4,883,501       -       5,123,3         -       3,058,954       3,058,954       3,058,9	\$ 80,527	\$ 4,797,656	\$ 3,059,117	\$ 8,122,654
109,078       4,897,629       3,059,117       8,320,4         20,799       14,128       163       35,0         33,608       -       -       102,3         54,407       14,128       163       137,9         54,671       4,883,501       -       5,123,4         -       3,058,954       3,058,954       3,058,954	28,551	-	-	97,773
20,799     14,128     163     35,0       33,608     -     -     102,0       54,407     14,128     163     137,0       54,671     4,883,501     -     5,123,0       -     3,058,954     3,058,9	_	99,973	-	99,973
33,608     -     -     102,5       54,407     14,128     163     137,5       54,671     4,883,501     -     5,123,6       -     -     3,058,954     3,058,954	109,078	4,897,629	3,059,117	8,320,400
54,407     14,128     163     137,9       54,671     4,883,501     -     5,123,9       -     -     3,058,954     3,058,9	20,799	14,128	163	35,090
54,671	33,608	-	-	102,830
- 3,058,954 3,058,9	54,407	14,128	163	137,920
- 3,058,954 3,058,9				
	54,671	4,883,501	-	5,123,526
54,671 4,883,501 3,058,954 8,182,4				3,058,954
	54,671	4,883,501	3,058,954	8,182,480
\$ 109,078	\$ 109.078	\$ 4 807 620	\$ 3,050,117	\$ 8,320,400

## **Nonmajor Governmental Funds**

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Sp	Special TIF secial Tax ocation #2
Revenues		
Taxes	\$	21,245
Charges for Services		-
Intergovernmental		-
Miscellaneous		-
Total Revenues		21,245
Expenditures		
General Government		_
Capital Outlay		-
Total Expenditures		-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		
Over (Under) Expenditures		21,245
Other Financing Sources		
Disposal of Capital Assets		
Net Change in Fund Balances		21,245
Fund Balances - Beginning		164,109
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	185,354

	Re	venue	Capital Projects	
-	TIF	Motor	Capital	
St	pecial Tax	Fuel	Equipment	
	location #3	Tax	Replacement	Totals
			-	
\$	27,378	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 48,623
	-	-	935,900	935,900
	-	1,698,660	-	1,698,660
	-	-	2,724	2,724
	27,378	1,698,660	938,624	2,685,907
	-	31,932	-	31,932
	31,296	183,227	91,930	306,453
	31,296	215,159	91,930	338,385
	(3,918)	1,483,501	846,694	2,347,522
	-	-	88,545	88,545
	(3,918)	1,483,501	935,239	2,436,067
	58,589	3,400,000	2,123,715	5,746,413
\$	54,671	\$ 4,883,501	\$ 3,058,954	\$ 8,182,480

## TIF Special Tax Allocation #2 - Special Revenue Fund

	Bud			
	Original	Final	Actual	
Revenues Taxes Property Taxes	\$ 20,000	\$ 20,000	\$ 21,245	
Expenditures General Government Capital Outlay				
Prospect Development	25,500	25,500		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (5,500)	\$ (5,500)	21,245	
Fund Balance - Beginning			164,109	
Fund Balance - Ending			\$ 185,354	

## TIF Special Tax Allocation #3 - Special Revenue Fund

	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues Taxes Property Taxes	\$ 23,000	\$ 23,000	\$ 27,378
Expenditures General Government Capital Outlay			
Prospect Development	22,500	92,500	31,296
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 500	\$ (69,500)	(3,918)
Fund Balance - Beginning			58,589
Fund Balance - Ending			\$ 54,671

## **Motor Fuel Tax - Special Revenue Fund**

	Bu		
	Original		
Revenues			
Intergovernmental			
Grants	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 34,249
MFT Allotments	1,057,500	1,057,500	1,069,386
MFT Rebuild IL	595,000	595,000	595,025
Interest Income	500	500	-
Total Revenues	1,653,000	1,653,000	1,698,660
Expenditures			
General Government			
Refuse Disposal	45,000	45,000	31,932
Capital Outlay	326,500	388,500	183,227
Total Expenditures	371,500	433,500	215,159
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 1,281,500	\$ 1,219,500	1,483,501
Fund Balance - Beginning			3,400,000
Fund Balance - Ending			\$ 4,883,501

## **Capital Equipment Replacement - Capital Projects Fund**

	Budget					
	Original		Final			Actual
Revenues Charges for Services						
Other	\$	976,600	\$	976,600	\$	935,900
Interest Income Miscellaneous		400		400		2,724
Total Revenues	-	977,000		977,000		938,624
Expenditures Capital Outlay						
Vehicles		822,500		822,500		91,930
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		154,500		154,500		846,694
Other Financing Sources Disposal of Capital Assets		-		<u>-</u>		88,545
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	154,500		154,500		935,239
Fund Balance - Beginning						2,123,715
Fund Balance - Ending					\$	3,058,954

Waterworks - Enterprise Fund

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Bu	Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual	
Operating Revenues				
Charges for Services				
Water Service	\$ 5,000,000	\$ 5,000,000	\$ 4,983,638	
Operating Expenses				
Operations				
Water Distribution	5,861,000	5,861,000	3,007,033	
Water Treatment Plant	3,834,400	3,834,400	2,451,436	
Depreciation and Amortization		-	1,984,617	
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	9,695,400	9,695,400	7,443,086	
Operating (Loss)	(4 605 400)	(4 605 400)	(2.450.448)	
Operating (Loss)	(4,695,400)	(4,695,400)	(2,459,448)	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)				
Connection Fees	24,000	24,000	19,401	
Interest Income	1,000	1,000	6,135	
Other Income	97,000	97,000	189,799	
Principal Retirement	(659,000)	(659,000)	-	
Interest Expense	(48,000)	(48,000)	(42,247)	
	(585,000)	(585,000)	173,088	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(5,280,400)	\$ (5,280,400)	(2,286,360)	
•				
Other Financing Sources				
Transfers In	-	-	8,523,938	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (5,280,400)	(5,280,400)	6,237,578	
Net Position - Beginning			64,566,561	
			<del></del>	
Net Position - Ending			\$ 70,804,139	

## Waterworks - Enterprise Fund

# Schedule of Operating Expenses - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budget				
	Ori	iginal		Final	Actual
Operations					
Water Distribution					
Personal Services				- 4 - 0 0 0	
Administrative Salaries	\$	642,000	\$	642,000	\$ 614,085
Operational Salaries		454,300		454,300	435,669
Administrative Salaries - Overtime		41,000		41,000	54,960
FICA and Medicare		87,100		87,100	78,909
ICMA		7,300		7,300	7,279
Health/Dental/Life Insurance		430,300		430,300	430,608
Unemployement Insurance		-		-	1,020
IMRF		103,300		103,300	97,282
Contractual Services					
Legal Fees		50,000		50,000	12,964
Auditing Fees		15,100		15,100	15,737
JULIE System		2,500		2,500	4,148
Consultants		90,000		90,000	62,094
Pre-Employment Exams		600		600	215
Training and Tuition		2,500		2,500	1,866
Memberships/Dues/Subscriptions		2,000		2,000	2,248
Software Maintenance		10,000		10,000	10,305
Legal Notices		500		500	_
Telephone and Alarms		95,000		95,000	96,497
Heating and Gas		3,000		3,000	8,149
Electric		260,000		260,000	259,205
Lab Results		7,000		7,000	5,220
Refuse Disposal		-		-	1,338
Printing and Binding		2,500		2,500	1,698
Grounds Maintenance		7,500		7,500	8,150
Other Contractual Services		130,000		130,000	117,242
IRMA General Insurance		100,400		100,400	191,595
Copier Rental		800		800	1,135
Vehicle Maintenance and Repair		25,000		25,000	3,757
Building Maintenance and Repair		5,000		5,000	5,757
Distribution System Maintenance and Repair		100,000		100,000	43,567
Pump Station Maintenance and Repair		610,000		610,000	270,536
Reservoir Maintenance and Repair		500		500	410,330
•					- 1 724
Postage Meter Rental		1,500		1,500	1,724

Waterworks - Enterprise Fund

# Schedule of Operating Expenses - Budget and Actual - Continued For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budget					
		Original		Final		Actual
On and in a Continue 1						
Operations - Continued						
Water Distribution - Continued						
Commodities	¢.	4.000	¢.	4.000	¢	2 (02
Computer and Office Supplies	\$	4,000	\$	4,000	\$	3,692
Parts for Vehicles		25,000		25,000		20,420
Tools and Equipment		11,000		11,000		10,898
Gas and Oil		20,000		20,000		31,289
Postage		5,000		5,000		4,399
Uniforms and Safety Equipment		9,000		9,000		10,327
Parts and Equipment - Wells		15,000		15,000		5,478
Parts and Equipment - Distribution		70,000		70,000		-
Parts and Equipment - Pump Station		5,000		5,000		7,834
Lab Supplies		1,200		1,200		1,642
Water Meters		36,000		36,000		51,777
Miscellaneous Commodities		8,000		8,000		6,459
Bank Fees		15,000		15,000		13,616
Capital Outlay						
Other Capital Outlay		2,325,100		2,325,100		-
MIS Replacement		25,000		25,000		
Total Water Distribution		5,861,000		5,861,000		3,007,033
Water Treatment Plant						
Personal Services						
Administrative Salaries		216,300		216,300		230,815
Operational Salaries		501,000		501,000		411,633
Administrative Salaries - Overtime		60,000		60,000		80,188
FICA and Medicare		59,500		59,500		54,283
IMRF		70,600		70,600		64,790
IMRF Pension Expense		-		-		181,210
OPEB Pension Expense		_		-		(186,648)
Contractual Services						
Training and Tuition		2,000		2,000		96
Memberships/Dues/Subscriptions		500		500		1,054
Telephone and Alarms		91,000		91,000		97,231

Waterworks - Enterprise Fund

# Schedule of Operating Expenses - Budget and Actual - Continued For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budget				
		Original		Final	Actual
Operations - Continued Water Treatment Plant - Continued					
Contractual Services - Continued					
Heating and Gas	\$	4,500	\$	4,500	\$ 7,588
Electric		130,000		130,000	106,440
Lab Results		3,000		3,000	-
Refuse Disposal		880,000		880,000	451,655
Grounds Maintenance		7,500		7,500	5,925
Janitorial Service		22,000		22,000	20,048
Other Contractual Services		20,000		20,000	31,049
IRMA General Insurance		37,000		37,000	70,588
Building Maintenance and Repair		205,000		205,000	64,220
WTP Operations Repair		185,000		185,000	91,663
Copier Rental		5,000		5,000	1,837
Equipment Rental		3,500		3,500	4,510
Commodities					
Computer and Office Supplies		1,000		1,000	553
Parts for Vehicles		2,000		2,000	1,182
Tools and Equipment		2,500		2,500	3,421
Gas and Oil		1,500		1,500	1,174
Uniforms and Safety Equipment		5,500		5,500	3,944
Parts for Building Repairs		10,000		10,000	22,105
Lab Supplies		15,000		15,000	18,009
Chemicals		625,000		625,000	451,251
Parts for WTP Operations		10,000		10,000	16,058
Miscellaneous Commodities		1,500		1,500	2,802
Capital Outlay					
Other Capital Outlay		657,000		657,000	140,762
<b>Total Water Treatment Plant</b>		3,834,400		3,834,400	2,451,436
Total Operations		9,695,400		9,695,400	5,458,469
Depreciation and Amortization		-		-	1,984,617
Total Operating Expenses	\$	9,695,400	\$	9,695,400	\$ 7,443,086

**Sewerage - Enterprise Fund** 

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Bu	Budget			
	Original	Final	Actual		
Operating Revenues					
Charges for Services					
Sewer Service	\$ 5,300,000	\$ 5,300,000	\$ 4,507,890		
Operating Expenses					
Operations					
Sanitary Sewer Collection	8,903,800	8,903,800	5,670,717		
Special Service Area #2	94,500	94,500	89,614		
Depreciation	-	-	409,298		
Total Operating Expenses	8,998,300	8,998,300	6,169,629		
Operating (Loss)	(3,698,300)	(3,698,300)	(1,661,739)		
Nonoperating Revenues					
Connection Fees	25,000	25,000	8,660		
Property Taxes	9,000	9,000	9,354		
Interest Income	1,000	1,000	69,590		
Other Income	63,000	63,000	75,541		
	98,000	98,000	163,145		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			_		
Over (Under) Expenditures	(3,600,300)	(3,600,300)	(1,498,594)		
Other Financing Sources					
Transfers In		-	6,882,162		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (3,600,300)	\$ (3,600,300)	5,383,568		
Net Position - Beginning			9,185,665		
Net Position - Ending			\$ 14,569,233		

**Sewerage - Enterprise Fund** 

# Schedule of Operating Expenses - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Buc		
	Original	Final	Actual
Operations			
Sanitary Sewer Collection			
Personal Services			
Administrative Salaries	\$ 667,200	\$ 667,200	\$ 671,604
Operational Salaries	676,500	676,500	596,360
Administrative Salaries - Overtime	50,000	50,000	44,414
FICA and Medicare	106,700	106,700	95,503
ICMA	7,300	7,300	7,279
Health/Dental/Life Insurance	430,300	430,300	430,630
Unemployement Insurance	-	- -	1,020
IMRF	126,600	126,600	116,834
IMRF Pension Expense	-	_	131,117
OPEB Pension Expense	-	-	(186,723)
Contractual Services			
Legal Fees	15,000	15,000	8,913
Auditing Fees	8,500	8,500	9,044
JULIE System	2,800	2,800	4,148
Consultants	100,000	100,000	74,174
Training and Tuition	10,000	10,000	10,482
Software Maintenance	14,800	14,800	14,671
Telephone and Alarms	71,500	71,500	73,888
Heating Gas	6,500	6,500	10,024
Electric	48,000	48,000	38,713
Grounds Maintenance	3,500	3,500	3,935
Other Contractual Services	182,000	182,000	77,413
Wastewater Treatment	2,910,000	2,910,000	2,713,959
IRMA General Insurance	105,700	105,700	201,679
Vehicle Maintenance and Repair	10,000	10,000	14,232
Lift Station Maintenance and Repair	130,000	130,000	24,363
Sewer Main Maintenance and Repair	700,000	700,000	105,108
Postage Meter Rental	1,400	1,400	1,380

**Sewerage - Enterprise Fund** 

# Schedule of Operating Expenses - Budget and Actual - Continued For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Bu	dget	
	Original	Final	Actual
Operations - Continued Sanitary Sewer Collection - Continued			
Commodities			
Copier and Rental	\$ 500	\$ 500	\$ 1,135
Computer and Office Supplies	5,000	5,000	3,188
Parts for Vehicles	25,000	25,000	68,462
Tools and Equipment	12,000	12,000	9,519
Gas and Oil	12,000	12,000	19,551
Postage	2,000	2,000	3,098
Chemicals	2,000	2,000	1,997
Parts for Lift Stations	22,000	22,000	15,359
Material for Trench Backfill	5,000	5,000	4,800
Parts for Mains	3,000	3,000	5,708
Miscellaneous Commodities	13,000	13,000	11,016
Bank Fees	13,500	13,500	15,111
Capital Outlay			
Vehicles	180,600	180,600	180,600
Other Capital Outlay	2,223,900	2,223,900	37,009
<b>Total Sanitary Sewer Collection</b>	8,903,800	8,903,800	5,670,717
Special Service Area #2 Personal Service			
Operational Salaries	5,200	5,200	4,929
Administrative Salaries - Overtime	200	200	111
FICA and Medicare	500	500	386
IMRF	500	500	451
Commodities			
Electric	7,000	7,000	4,685
Grounds Maintenance	2,600	2,600	1,900
Capital Outlay			
Other Capital Outlay	78,500	78,500	77,152
Total Special Service Area #2	94,500	94,500	89,614
<b>Total Operations</b>	8,998,300	8,998,300	5,760,331
Depreciation		-	409,298
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 8,998,300	\$ 8,998,300	\$ 6,169,629

## **Commuter Parking - Enterprise**

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Buc	dget	
	Original	Final	Actual
Operating Poyonyog			
Operating Revenues Charges for Services			
Parking Fees	\$ 20,000	\$ 20,000	\$ 29,051
Licenses and Permits	20,000	20,000	29,391
<b>Total Operating Revenues</b>	40,000	40,000	58,442
Operating Expenses			
Operating Expenses  Operations	298,900	298,900	77,317
Depreciation	270,700	200,000	12,955
Total Operating Expenses	298,900	298,900	90,272
Operating (Loss)	(258,900)	(258,900)	(31,830)
Nonoperating Revenues			
Other Income		-	150
Change in Net Position	\$ (258,900)	\$ (258,900)	(31,680)
Net Position - Beginning			530,793
Net Position - Ending			\$ 499,113

## **Commuter Parking - Enterprise Fund**

# Schedule of Operating Expenses - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Buc	dget	
	Original	Final	Actual
Operations			
Personal Services			
Administrative Salaries	\$ 8,500	\$ 8,500	\$ 11,891
Operational Salaries	13,500	13,500	13,458
Administrative Salaries Overtime	1,500	1,500	2,269
FICA and Medicare	1,800	1,800	2,053
IMRF	2,200	2,200	2,481
IMRF Pension Expense	-	-	2,738
Contractual Services			·
Auditing Fees	1,500	1,500	1,434
Telephone and Alarms	6,800	6,800	5,651
Electric	16,000	16,000	9,782
Printing and Binding	400	400	375
Grounds Maintenance	5,500	5,500	4,630
Janitorial Services	3,500	3,500	3,098
Contractual Services	20,000	20,000	9,600
Commodities			
Postage	1,200	1,200	2,200
Miscellaneous Commodities	2,500	2,500	787
Bank Fees	6,000	6,000	4,870
Capital Outlay			
Building and Ground Improvements	208,000	208,000	
Total Operations	298,900	298,900	77,317
Depreciation		-	12,955
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 298,900	\$ 298,900	\$ 90,272

# STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)

This part of the annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

#### **Financial Trends**

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

#### Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources.

#### **Debt Capacity**

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

#### Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

#### **Operating Information**

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

**Net Position by Component - Last Ten Fiscal Years December 31, 2022 (Unaudited)** 

**See Following Page** 

# **Net Position by Component - Last Ten Fiscal Years December 31, 2022 (Unaudited)**

		2013		2014		2015	2016
Governmental Activities							
	\$	97 022 549	¢	55 050 027	\$	55 610 522 ¢	51 067 111
Net Investment in Capital Assets	Ф	87,923,548	Ф	55,050,037	Ф	55,619,533 \$	
Restricted		2,335,435		3,218,725		3,305,503	2,636,828
Unrestricted	_	13,063,574		12,673,884		(9,065,624)	(10,545,812)
Total Governmental Activities							
Net Position		103,322,557		70,942,646		49,859,412	46,958,157
Business-Type Activities							
Net Investment in Capital Assets		56,991,020		102,204,573		103,770,812	104,429,071
Restricted		760,002		1,040,810		1,088,552	2,409
Unrestricted		3,062,891		3,785,237		2,453,473	1,383,690
							_
Total Business-Type Activities							
Net Position		60,813,913		107,030,620		107,312,837	105,815,170
							_
Primary Government							
Net Investment in Capital Assets		144,914,568		157,254,610		159,390,345	159,296,212
Restricted		3,095,437		4,259,535		4,394,055	2,639,237
Unrestricted		16,126,465		16,459,121		(6,612,151)	(9,162,122)
						·	<u> </u>
<b>Total Primary Government</b>							
Net Position	\$	164,136,470	\$	177,973,266	\$	157,172,249 \$	152,773,327

Data Source: City Records

	2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
\$	49,943,090	\$	54,014,124	\$	54,970,284	\$	53,700,103	\$	52,198,435	\$	50,991,911
4	2,216,378	4	2,944,399	4	3,615,057	Ψ	5,316,225	Ψ	8,507,381	4	8,713,917
	(12,294,029)		(15,056,308)		(17,252,817)		(13,606,301)		(4,136,846)		(12,314,281)
	39,865,439		41,902,215		41,332,524		45,410,027		56,568,970		47,391,547
	27,000,107		.1,5 02,210		.1,002,021		.0,.10,027		20,200,70		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	105,803,874		105,354,380		95,532,108		94,081,605		93,502,440		92,989,578
	-		-		180,321		180,321		180,321		180,321
	(554,848)		(10,658,958)		(14,775,689)		(19,069,338)		(19,399,742)		(7,297,414)
	105,249,026		94,695,422		80,936,740		75,192,588		74,283,019		85,872,485
	155,746,964		159,368,504		150,502,392		147,781,708		145,700,875		143,981,489
	2,216,378		2,944,399		3,795,378		5,496,546		8,687,702		8,894,238
	(12,848,877)		(25,715,266)		(32,028,506)		(32,675,639)		(23,536,588)		(19,611,695)
	· · · · /		· · · · · ·				· · · · · /		· · · · /		<u> </u>
Φ	145 114 465	Φ	126 507 627	<b>Φ</b>	122 260 264	Ф	120 602 615	Ф	120 951 090	<b>Φ</b>	122 264 022
Ф	145,114,465	\$	136,597,637	\$	122,269,264	\$	120,602,615	\$	130,851,989	\$	133,264,032

Changes in Net Position - Last Ten Fiscal Years December 31, 2022 (Unaudited)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
	\$ 8,912,745 \$ 9,388,129	11,058,516 \$ 1,955,626 12,592 9,701,162	13,280,738 \$	13,704,876 \$	13,329,708 \$	13,667,469 \$	9,256,029 \$ 12,429,913 49,692 5,193,137	12,085,019 \$ 10,448,934 49,692 1,170,904	7,502,977 \$ 8,922,067 47,062 5,494,248	8,457,023 11,601,093 49,691 5,916,606
Interest on Long-Term Debt Total Governmental Activities Expenses	1,709 22,406,513	1,193	25,806,300	25,261,165	24,422,293	23,789,509	250	23,755,664	21,966,423	26,024,413
Business-Type Activities Waterworks Sewerage Commuter Parking	6,136,247 6,073,613 84,748	5,812,503 5,888,300 140,431	6,211,353 6,075,753 91,985	6,923,648 6,552,406 99,935	6,208,086 6,061,776 113,075	6,936,383 6,822,477 127,980	6,710,153 5,776,914 114,234	7,223,329 5,895,441 100,012	5,826,807 5,365,676 92,619	7,485,333 6,169,629 90,272
Total Business-Type Activities Activities Net Position	12,294,608	11,841,234	12,379,091	13,575,989	12,382,937	13,886,840	12,601,301	13,218,782	11,285,102	13,745,234
Total Primary Government Expenses	34,701,121	34,570,325	38,185,391	38,837,154	36,805,230	37,676,349	39,530,322	36,974,446	33,251,525	39,769,647
Program Revenues Governmental Activities Charges for Services General Government	2 007 405	0 0 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81	2 391 549	2 810 520	2 365 076	3 082 228	4 041 799	3 433 651	3 657 317	3 830 671
Public Safety	1,373,123	788,000	796,700	780,800	851,100	278,100	1,551,190	1,345,890	1,093,943	1,993,128
Culture and Recreation Streats and Highways	- 1 557 400	- 1 178 037	- 1 400 121	- 1 207 112	- 1 257 271	- 1 750 377	896,500	953,800	570,800	968,504
Operating Grants/Contributions Canital Grants/Contributions	150,805	51,746	19,280	15,150	3,820	194,395	128,544	7,227	376,506	1,112,088
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	5,894,747	4,967,720	5,296,600	5,620,015	5,181,341	6,046,666	7,513,121	7,384,533	7,398,599	8,520,505
Business-Type Activities Charges for Services	20000	1 000 550	001 100 7	20 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	422 010	1 162 907	2 024 911	2017 CCA 5	24 057 273	\$ 003 030
Water works Sewerage	5,328,023	6,022,231	5,768,370	6,070,820	6,218,263	3,106,749	4,678,920	3,641,234	5,093,945	4,516,550
Commuter Parking Capital Grants/Contributions	131,813	137,147	139,635	139,977	141,988 645,461	158,493	150,690 219,837	44,302	39,591	58,442
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues	9,678,088	11,048,937	11,541,507	10,641,252	11,429,531	4,784,626	8,984,258	7,108,241	6,990,809	9,578,031
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$ 15,572,835 \$	16,016,657 \$	16,838,107 \$	16,261,267 \$	16,610,872 \$	10,831,292 \$	16,497,379 \$	14,492,774 \$	17,389,408 \$	18,098,536

		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Net (Expenses) Revenues Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities	<del>∞</del>	(16,511,766) \$ (2,616,520)	(17,761,371) \$ (792,297)	(20,509,700) \$ (837,584)	(19,641,150) \$ (2,934,737)	(19,240,952) \$ (953,406)	(17,742,843) \$ (9,102,214)	(19,415,900) \$ (3,617,043)	(16,371,131) \$ (6,110,541)	(14,567,824) \$ (1,294,293)	(17,503,908) (4,167,203)
Total Primary Government Net Revenues (Expenses)		(19,128,286)	(18,553,668)	(21,347,284)	(22,575,887)	(20,194,358)	(26,845,057)	(23,032,943)	(22,481,672)	(15,862,117)	(21,671,111)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities Taxes	let Positic	uo									
Property Taxes		4,534,973	4,492,371	4,436,897	4,448,829	4,489,622	4,623,840	4,666,636	4,713,460	5,134,372	4,086,790
Telecommunications Taxes		922,803	926,440	853,407	806,698	759,135	669,750	562,050	577,082	659,823	495,381
Amusement Taxes Cannabis Taxes		109,811	106,572	107,849	108,211	103,978	94,615	79,390	88,601 15.720	103,148 37.400	102,460 41.894
Intergovernmental											1
Sales and Use Taxes		4,515,729	5,476,959	4,855,454	4,544,609	6,178,849	6,871,960	7,470,171	8,163,522	10,385,591	10,725,087
Income Taxes		2,580,764	2,593,317	2,882,037	2,636,660	2,487,827	2,593,920	2,883,008	2,943,407	3,566,536	4,173,731
Replacement Taxes		169,568	170,517	187,625	160,396	173,517	152,578	198,860	166,337	295,815	630,453
Utility Taxes		2,051,702	2,111,109	2,029,538	1,994,900	1,909,065	2,070,351	2,205,508	2,083,483	2,156,333	2,219,966
Video Gaming Taxes		1	1			1	1		1	1 .	7,836
Interest Income		21,399	(7,465)	3,522	6,983	13,271	12,224	25,729	980'9	1,643	104,248
Miscellaneous		917,461	1,607,960	1,102,056	2,032,609	560,955	637,785	732,686	1,690,936	3,386,106	1,144,739
Transfers								22,171			(15,406,100)
I otal Governmental Activities		15,824,210	17,477,780	16,458,385	16,739,895	16,676,219	17,727,023	18,846,209	20,448,634	25,726,767	8,326,485
Business-Type Activities											
Property		8,804	8,888	8,604	8,894	8,907	9,049	8,882	9,916	11,005	9,354
Sales and Use		1,071,655	1,153,993	1,201,919	1,185,841	1	1	1	1		ı
Interest Income		6,142	4,654	1,175	2,660	6,878	8,095	7,598	1,538		75,725
Miscellaneous		1,489,342	544,194	266,782	239,675	371,477	584,062	428,265	354,935	373,719	265,490
Iransters								(10,586,384)			15,406,100
1 otal Business-1 ype Activities		2,575,943	1,711,729	1,478,480	1,437,070	387,262	601,206	(10,141,639)	366,389	384,724	15,756,669
Total Primary Government		18,400,153	19,189,509	17,936,865	18,176,965	17,063,481	18,328,229	8,704,570	20,815,023	26,111,491	24,083,154
Changes in Net Position		(955 189)	(283 501)	(4.051.315)	(350)	(7 564 733)	(0/2831)	(560 601)	4 077 503	11 158 043	(0.177.473)
Business-Type Activities		(40,577)	919,432	(4,021,313)	(1,497,667)	(566,144)	(8,501,008)	(13,758,682)	4,077,303 (5,744,152)	(909,569)	11,589,466
Total Primary Government	<del>∽</del>	(728,133) \$	635,841 \$	(3,410,419) \$	(4,398,922) \$	(3,130,877) \$	(8,516,828) \$	(14,328,373) \$	(1,666,649) \$	10,249,374 \$	2,412,043

Data Source: City Records

# Fund Balances of Governmental Funds - Last Ten Fiscal Years December 31, 2022 (Unaudited)

		2013		2014	2015	2016
General Fund						
Nonspendable	\$	1,028,304	\$	1,104,969	\$ 736,988	549,669
Restricted	,	844,754	•	846,315	846,315	360,944
Unassigned		10,931,741		11,507,102	12,302,595	12,733,258
Total General Fund		12,804,799		13,458,386	13,885,898	13,643,871
All Other Governmental Funds						
Nonspendable		797,991		2,029	12,815	2,056
Restricted		1,490,681		2,372,410	2,459,188	2,275,884
Assigned		3,943,537		4,636,090	4,006,583	4,190,745
Total All Other						
Governmental Funds		6,232,209		7,010,529	6,478,586	6,468,685
						<u> </u>
Total All Governmental						
Funds	\$	19,037,008	\$	20,468,915	\$ 20,364,484 \$	20,112,556

Data Source: City Records

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$ 94,055	\$ 78,908	\$ 105,861	\$ 115,884	\$ 110,793	\$ 158,471
624,061	1,211,793	1,535,492	2,998,432	2,945,142	2,503,160
 11,841,410	12,126,823	13,844,971	15,925,019	19,254,290	8,624,215
12,559,526	13,417,524	15,486,324	19,039,335	22,310,225	11,285,846
2,176	2,275	2,568	2,610	956	933
1,592,317	1,732,606	2,079,565	2,317,793	5,562,239	6,210,757
5,109,310	5,896,981	4,745,724	6,537,372	8,923,836	9,922,019
6,703,803	7,631,862	6,827,857	8,857,775	14,487,031	16,133,709
\$ 19,263,329	\$ 21,049,386	\$ 22,314,181	\$ 27,897,110	\$ 36,797,256	\$ 27,419,555

General Governmental Revenues by Source - Last Ten Fiscal Years December 31, 2022 (Unaudited)

Source	2013	2014	2015	2016
Taxes	\$ 8,324,682	\$ 8,383,993	\$ 8,216,205 \$	8,109,944
Intergovernmental	7,517,487	8,475,887	7,844,832	7,321,942
Charges for Services	3,407,944	2,718,832	2,982,446	3,193,936
Licenses and Permits	530,638	484,106	608,401	843,502
Fines and Forfeits	999,346	782,187	997,523	850,994
Interest Income	21,307	(7,465)	3,522	6,983
Miscellaneous	917,461	1,607,960	1,102,056	2,032,609
Totals	\$ 21,718,865	\$ 22,445,500	\$ 21,754,985 \$	22,359,910

Data Source: City Records

 2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$ 9,308,149	\$ 7,611,134	\$ 6,330,796	\$ 6,108,938	\$ 6,701,024	\$ 5,531,158
7,501,738	10,392,896	12,758,459	14,293,866	17,714,533	18,680,642
2,987,175	2,951,250	4,365,673	3,737,997	3,158,622	3,916,364
653,852	887,198	1,108,091	1,023,714	1,291,445	1,522,441
832,420	1,281,202	1,015,725	971,630	871,993	1,353,498
13,271	12,224	25,729	6,086	1,643	104,248
560,955	637,785	732,686	1,690,936	3,386,106	1,056,194
\$ 21,857,560	\$ 23,773,689	\$ 26,337,159	\$ 27,833,167	\$ 33,125,366	\$ 32,164,545

CITY OF WEST CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

# General Governmental Expenditures by Function - Last Ten Fiscal Years December 31, 2022 (Unaudited)

Function	2013	2014	2015	2016
General Government	\$ 8,676,885	\$ 8,128,303	\$ 8,361,285 \$	7,893,627
Public Safety	9,248,035	9,162,072	9,104,514	9,849,220
Capital Outlay	3,154,948	3,722,023	4,393,009	4,924,842
Debt Service Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,769	1,195	608	518
Totals	\$ 21,081,637	\$ 21,013,593	\$ 21,859,416 \$	22,668,207

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$ 8,591,562	\$ 8,150,224	\$ 8,894,550	\$ 8,994,426	\$ 9,022,394	\$ 9,061,329
10,003,049	10,011,442	9,886,973	10,388,620	10,994,269	12,236,400
4,176,432	3,825,627	6,312,762	2,866,077	4,208,488	4,926,962
 407	339	250	1,115	69	_
\$ 22,771,450	\$ 21,987,632	\$ 25,094,535	\$ 22,250,238	\$ 24,225,220	\$ 26,224,691

Changes in Fund Balances for Governmental Funds - Last Ten Fiscal Years December 31, 2022 (Unaudited)

	2013	2014	2015	2016
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 8,324,682	\$ 8,383,993	\$ 8,216,205 \$	8,109,944
Intergovernmental	7,517,487		7,844,832	7,321,942
Charges for Services	3,407,944		2,982,446	3,193,936
Licenses and Permits	530,638		608,401	843,502
Fines and Forfeits	999,346	782,187	997,523	850,994
Interest Income	21,307	(7,465)	3,522	6,983
Miscellaneous	917,461	1,607,960	1,102,056	2,032,609
Total Revenues	21,718,865		21,754,985	22,359,910
P 12				
Expenditures	0.777.005	0 120 202	0.261.205	7 902 627
General Government	8,676,885		8,361,285	7,893,627
Public Safety	9,248,035		9,104,514	9,849,220
Capital Outlay Debt Service	3,154,948	3,722,023	4,393,009	4,924,842
	1,769	1,195	608	518
Interest and Fiscal Charges Total Expenditures	21,081,637	,	21,859,416	22,668,207
Total Expenditures	21,081,037	21,013,393	21,039,410	22,008,207
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	637,228	1,431,907	(104,431)	(308,297)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Disposal of Capital Assets	_	_	_	56,369
Transfer In	19,644	7,776	-	25,643
Transfer Out	-	(7,776)	_	(25,643)
	19,644	. , ,	-	56,369
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 656,872	\$ 1,431,907	\$ (104,431) \$	(251,928)
Debt Service as a Percentage of				
Noncapital Expenditures	0.01%	6 0.01%	0.00%	0.00%

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$	9,308,149	\$ 7,611,134	\$ 6,330,796	\$ 6,108,938	\$ 6,701,024	\$ 5,531,158
	7,501,738	10,392,896	12,758,459	14,293,866	17,714,533	18,680,642
	2,987,175	2,951,250	4,365,673	3,737,997	3,158,622	3,916,364
	653,852	887,198	1,108,091	1,023,714	1,291,445	1,522,441
	832,420	1,281,202	1,015,725	971,630	871,993	1,353,498
	13,271	12,224	25,729	6,086	1,643	104,248
	560,955	637,785	732,686	1,690,936	3,386,106	1,056,194
	21,857,560	23,773,689	26,337,159	27,833,167	33,125,366	32,164,545
	8,591,562	8,150,224	8,894,550	8,994,426	9,022,394	9,061,329
	10,003,049	10,011,442	9,886,973	10,388,620	10,994,269	12,236,400
	4,176,432	3,825,627	6,312,762	2,866,077	4,208,488	4,926,962
	407	339	250	1,115	69	_
_	22,771,450	21,987,632	25,094,535	22,250,238	24,225,220	26,224,691
	, ,					
	(913,890)	1,786,057	1,242,624	5,582,929	8,900,146	5,939,854
	64,663	-	22,171	-	-	88,545
	-	-	500,000	-	4,620,000	511,380
_	-	-	(500,000)	-	(4,620,000)	(15,917,480)
	64,663	-	22,171	-	-	(15,317,555)
\$	(849,227)	\$ 1,786,057	\$ 1,264,795	\$ 5,582,929	\$ 8,900,146	\$ (9,377,701)
	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.01%	0.00%	0.00%

Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property - Last Ten Fiscal Years December 31, 2022 (Unaudited)

Tax Levy Year	yy Fiscal		Residential Property	Farm	(	Commercial Property		
2013	2013	\$	367,424,630	\$	392,261	\$	82,237,691	
2014	2014		354,736,670		426,235		79,649,467	
2015	2015		363,843,948		462,209		81,068,291	
2016	2016		390,758,862		487,626		89,670,605	
2017	2017		409,838,459		537,746		95,961,612	
2018	2018		427,634,113		512,185		95,314,124	
2019	2019		445,466,549		498,632		97,014,387	
2020	2020		463,824,523		497,883		97,567,069	
2021	2021		475,426,960		563,293		112,256,047	
2022	2022		500,075,590		519,152		118,452,799	

Data Source: DuPage County Clerk's and Treasurer's Offices

Industrial Property	Rai	lroad	Total Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate
\$ 124,152,620	\$	-	\$ 574,207,202	0.5973
119,236,720		-	554,049,092	0.6187
122,668,530		-	568,042,978	0.6031
133,199,600		-	614,116,693	0.5582
143,776,700	5,3	370,770	655,485,287	0.5441
159,831,453	5,5	545,256	688,837,131	0.5178
173,613,020	5,7	783,209	722,375,797	0.5034
204,433,800	5,8	396,762	772,220,037	0.4996
223,859,460	6,1	140,529	818,246,289	0.4999
246,868,400	6,4	172,447	872,388,388	0.5094

Direct and Overlanning Preparty Tay Rates - Last Ten Tay Levy Vears

# Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates - Last Ten Tax Levy Years December 31, 2022 (Unaudited)

Taxing Body	2013	2014	2015
Countywide			
DuPage County	0.2040	0.2057	0.1971
Forest Preserve District	0.1657	0.1691	0.1622
DuPage Airport Authority	0.0178	0.0196	0.0188
Local			
Wayne Township	0.0979	0.1025	0.1007
Wayne Township Road	0.0817	0.0855	0.0840
City of West Chicago - Wayne Township	0.5973	0.6187	0.6031
Winfield Township	0.1318	0.1396	0.1370
Winfield Township Road	0.1732	0.1835	0.1801
City of West Chicago - Winfield Township	0.5973	0.6187	0.6031
West Chicago Park District	0.4917	0.4239	0.5054
West Chicago Fire Protection District	1.0190	1.0652	1.0556
West Chicago Mosquito District	0.0153	0.0161	0.0160
West Chicago Library District	0.3225	0.3400	0.3367
Educational			
Grade School District 33	5.4481	5.5749	5.5167
High School District 94	2.5376	2.6731	2.6293
College of DuPage District 502	0.2956	0.2975	0.2786
Total Tax Rate - Winfield Township	11.4196	11.7269	11.6366
Share of Total Tax Rate Levied by			
the City of West Chicago	5.23%	5.28%	5.18%
Total Tax Rate - Wayne Township	10.0131	11.2942	11.5918
Share of Total Tax Rate Levied by			
the City of West Chicago	5.97%	5.48%	5.20%

Property tax rates are per \$100 of assessed valuation.

Data Source: DuPage County Clerk

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
0.1848	0.1749	0.1673	0.1655	0.1609	0.1587	0.1428
0.1514	0.1306	0.1278	0.1242	0.1205	0.1177	0.1130
0.0176	0.0166	0.0146	0.0141	0.0148	0.0144	0.0139
0.0959	0.0940	0.0929	0.0911	0.0904	0.0899	0.0891
0.0800	0.0784	0.0775	0.0744	0.0728	0.0724	0.0717
0.5582	0.5441	0.5178	0.5034	0.4996	0.4999	0.5094
0.1275	0.1192	0.1008	0.0939	0.0811	0.0435	0.0756
0.1676	0.1587	0.1526	0.1483	0.1448	0.1437	0.1440
0.5582	0.5441	0.5178	0.5034	0.4996	0.4999	0.5094
0.4889	0.4744	0.4683	0.4603	0.4339	0.4296	0.4265
0.9971	0.9663	0.9448	0.9295	0.9126	0.9080	0.8856
0.0152	0.0148	0.0143	0.0135	0.0136	0.0127	0.0113
0.3153	0.3056	0.2968	0.2893	0.2841	0.2819	0.2830
5.1727	4.8967	4.7555	4.6806	4.5774	4.5384	4.4888
2.4677	2.3770	2.3136	2.2573	2.2082	2.1843	2.1762
0.2626	0.2431	0.2317	0.2112	0.2114	0.2037	0.1946
0.2020	0.2431	0.2317	0.2112	0.2114	0.2037	0.1540
10.9266	10.4220	10.1059	9.8911	9.6629	9.5365	9.4647
5.11%	5.22%	5.12%	5.09%	5.12%	5.24%	5.38%
11.5042	10.8074	10.3165	10.0229	9.8144	9.5116	9.4059
4.85%	5.03%	5.02%	5.02%	5.17%	5.26%	5.42%

Principal Property Tax Payers - Current Fiscal Year and Nine Fiscal Years Ago December 31, 2022 (Unaudited)

		,	2022				2013	
				Percentage				Percentage
		T 11		of Total City		TD 11		of Total City
		Taxable		Taxable		Taxable		Taxable
		Assessed	D 1	Assessed		Assessed	D 1	Assessed
		Value	Rank	Value		Value	Rank	Value
DuPage Airport Authority	\$	18,943,390	1	2.32%	\$	12,437,320	1	2.01%
TMIF II Timber Lake LLC		13,348,080	2	1.63%				
Discovery Drive Investors		13,181,360	3	1.61%				
DS Containers		10,093,980	4	1.23%				
Ball Horticultural Co		7,537,570	5	0.92%		3,335,680	9	0.54%
STAG Industrial Holdings		6,516,870	6	0.80%				
Clemenceau Logistics		6,280,330	7	0.77%				
280 Westgate Drive LTD		6,251,910	8	0.76%				
Alpha Z Chi Ind 5 LLC		6,190,280	9	0.76%				
ALM West Chicago LLC		5,612,410	10	0.69%				
Blackhawk Center, LLC						9,826,920	2	1.58%
Cobalt Industrial REIT II						8,439,840	3	1.36%
Northridge Holdings Ltd.						6,020,900	4	0.97%
St. Andrews Country Club						5,342,670	5	0.86%
Mapei Corp						4,450,950	6	0.72%
LaGrou Properties						4,390,210	7	0.71%
Centerpoint Properties						4,358,910	8	0.70%
Menards, Inc						3,248,990	10	0.52%
	¢.	02.056.100		11 400/	¢	C1 052 200		0.070/
	<b>&gt;</b>	93,956,180		11.48%	\$	61,852,390		9.97%

Data Source: DuPage County Clerk's Office

Property Tax Levies and Collections - Last Ten Tax Levy Years December 31, 2022 (Unaudited)

Tax Levy Year	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year	Collected w Fiscal Year o		Collections in Subsequent Years	Total Collecti	ons to Date Percentage of Levy
1 Cai	1 iscui 1 cui	Timount	of Levy		Timount	of Levy
2012	\$ 3,458,498	\$ 3,453,081	99.84%	\$ N/A	\$ 3,453,081	99.84%
2013	3,458,756	3,452,708	99.83%	N/A	3,452,708	99.83%
2014	3,458,444	3,453,211	99.85%	N/A	3,453,211	99.85%
2015	3,458,315	3,450,239	99.77%	N/A	3,450,239	99.77%
2016	3,460,067	3,455,985	99.88%	N/A	3,455,985	99.88%
2017	3,568,729	3,563,021	99.84%	N/A	3,563,021	99.84%
2018	3,569,845	3,560,169	99.73%	N/A	3,560,169	99.73%
2019	3,632,174	3,632,174	100.00%	N/A	3,632,174	100.00%
2020	3,823,499	3,823,499	100.00%	N/A	3,823,499	100.00%
2021	3,991,102	3,991,102	100.00%	N/A	3,991,102	100.00%

Note: Levies for all Special Services Area have been excluded from this table.

Data Source: DuPage County Clerk's Office

N/A - Not Available

CITY OF WEST CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

# Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type - Last Ten Fiscal Years December 31, 2022 (Unaudited)

	B 	Susiness-Type Activities						
		IEPA		Total	Percentage			
Fiscal		Revenue		Primary	of Personal			Per
Year		Bonds	Government		Income (1)		Capita (1)	
2013	\$	6,735,635	\$	6,735,635	0.96%		\$	249
2014		6,198,456		6,198,456	0.82%			229
2015		5,647,382		5,647,382	0.82%			208
2016		5,082,055		5,082,055	0.75%			188
2017		4,502,105		4,502,105	0.64%			166
2018		3,907,155		3,907,155	0.55%			144
2019		3,296,816		3,296,816	0.45%			122
2020		2,670,691		2,670,691	0.35%			99
2021		2,028,371		2,028,371	0.24%			79
2022		1,369,438		1,369,438	0.16%			53

Data Source: City's Records

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

(1) See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.

### Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding - Last Ten Fiscal Years December 31, 2022 (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Ge Obl	ross eneral igation onds	Less: Amounts Available in Debt Service Funds		,	Totals	Percentage of Equalized Assessed Value (1)	Per oita (2)
2013	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	0.00%	\$ -
2014		-		-		-	0.00%	-
2015		-		-		-	0.00%	-
2016		-		-		-	0.00%	-
2017		-		-		-	0.00%	-
2018		-		-		-	0.00%	-
2019		-		-		-	0.00%	-
2020		-		-		-	0.00%	-
2021		-		-		-	0.00%	-
2022		-		-		-	0.00%	-

Data Source: City Records

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

<sup>(1)</sup> See the Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Schedule for Equalized Assessed Value data (Actual Taxable Value of Property).

<sup>(2)</sup> See the Demographic and Economic Statistics Schedule for the Per Capita Income data.

### Schedule of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt December 31, 2022 (Unaudited)

Governmental Unit	Gross Debt	Percentage to Debt Applicable to City (1)	City's Share of Debt
City of West Chicago	\$ <del>-</del>	100.00%	\$ 
DuPage County	110,005,000	1.91%	2,101,096
Forest Preserve District	67,807,513	1.91%	1,295,123
West Chicago Park District	24,805,000	83.44%	20,697,292
Winfield Park District	6,680,000	28.41%	1,897,788
School District #25	5,275,000	24.07%	1,269,693
School District #33	27,115,000	81.50%	22,098,725
School District #94	31,471,414	59.10%	18,599,606
U-46 School District	185,425,910	0.82%	1,520,492
U-303 School District	24,035,000	82.29%	19,778,402
Community College District #502	159,918,325	1.79%	2,862,538
Community College District #509	140,415,000	10.89%	15,291,194
Total Overlapping Debt	782,953,162		107,411,948
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$ 782,953,162		\$ 107,411,948

Data Source: DuPage County Clerk's Office

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City. Every resident is not responsible for paying the debt of each overlapping government.

(1) Determined by the ratio of assessed value of property in the City subject to taxation by the Governmental Unit to the total assessed value of property of the Governmental Unit.

Schedule of Legal Debt Margin December 31, 2022 (Unaudited)

The City is a home rule municipality.

Article VII, Section 6(k) of the 1970 Illinois constitution governs computation of legal debt margin.

The General Assembly may limit by law the amount and require referendum approval of debt to be incurred by some home rule municipalities, payable from ad valorem property tax receipts, only in excess of the following percentages of the assessed value of its taxable property...(2) if its population is more than 25,000 and less than 500,000 an aggregate of one percent: indebtedness which is outstanding on the effective date (July 1, 1971) of this constitution or which is thereafter approved by referendum...shall not be included in the foregoing percentage amounts.

To date the General Assembly has set no limits for home rule municipalities.

### Pledged-Revenue Coverage - Last Ten Fiscal Years December 31, 2022 (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	(1) Revenues	(2) Expenses	(3) Net Revenue Available for Debt Service		(4) Service Interest	_ (5) Coverage
2013	\$ 12,122,215	10,177,161	\$ 1,945,054	\$ -	\$ -	-
2014	12,623,517	9,052,942	3,570,575	-	-	-
2015	10,626,728	9,704,717	922,011	-	-	-
2016	11,938,343	11,023,837	914,506	-	-	-
2017	11,029,165	9,558,809	1,470,356	-	-	-
2018	4,871,550	10,834,817	(5,963,267)	-	-	-
2019	9,048,365	10,130,988	(1,082,623)	-	-	-
2020	7,430,197	10,751,952	(3,321,755)	-	-	-
2021	10,375,533	8,863,403	1,512,130	-	-	-
2022	9,928,600	11,338,364	(1,409,764)	-	-	-

<sup>(1)</sup> As defined in applicable bond indentures and governing laws.

Data Source: City Records

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

<sup>(2)</sup> Totaled expenses exclusive of depreciation and bond interest.

<sup>(3)</sup> Gross revenue minus expenses.

<sup>(4)</sup> Revenue bonds through April 30, 2003, alternate revenue bonds subsequent to that date.

<sup>(5)</sup> Net revenue available for debt service divided by total debt requirements.

CITY OF WEST CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

Demographic and Economic Statistics - Last Ten Fiscal Years
December 31, 2022 (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	(1) Population	(2) Personal Income	F	Per Capita Personal Income	I	(1) Median Age		hool llment	Uner	(2) nployment Rate
2013	27,086	\$ 700,498,132	\$	25,862		30.8	(	6,293		6.6
2014	27,086	751,636,500		27,750		33.2	,	7,552		5.5
2015	27,086	692,182,730		25,555		30.1	;	8,005		5.4
2016	27,086	681,104,556		25,146		31.6	;	8,390		6.4
2017	27,086	706,998,772		26,102		33.2	;	8,301		4.3
2018	27,086	706,782,084		26,094		33.0	;	8,350		3.0
2019	27,086	731,619,946		27,011		33.0	:	8,202		3.6
2020	27,086	768,971,540		28,390		34.0	;	8,463		6.8
2021	25,614	855,341,169		33,394		34.0	,	7,817		4.9
2022	25,614	846,517,086		33,049		35.2	:	5,725		4.8

#### Data Sources

<sup>(1)</sup> U.S. Census Bureau

<sup>(2)</sup> Illinois Department of Employment Security (using annual averages)

CITY OF WEST CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

# Principal Employers - Current Fiscal Year and Nine Fiscal Years Ago December 31, 2022 (Unaudited)

		2022			2013	
			Percentage			Percentage
			of Total			of Total
			City			City
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
The Jel Sert Co	950	1	6.88%	1,000	1	6.77%
West Chicago Elementary School Distric	tí. 776	2	5.62%	632	2	4.28%
Ball Horticultural Company	450	3	3.26%	425	4	2.88%
Epsilon Data Management, LLC	433	4	3.14%			
Amazon.com Services LLC	318	5	2.30%			
AJR Filtration	306	6	2.22%			
OSI Industries	290	7	2.10%	230	10	1.56%
Mapei Corporation	289	8	2.09%			
FXI Inc.	287	9	2.08%			
Community High School District 94	265	10	1.92%	250	7	1.69%
General Mills				500	3	3.38%
Aspen Marketing Services				425	4	2.88%
Siemens Industry				350	6	2.37%
Sims Recycling Solutions				250	7	1.69%
Advanced Urethane Technologies				235	9	1.59%
Ç						
	4,364		31.62%	4,297		29.09%

Data Sources: City Community Development Department Records and U.S. Census Bureau.

Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function - Last Ten Fiscal Years December 31, 2022 (Unaudited)

**See Following Page** 

CITY OF WEST CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function - Last Ten Fiscal Years December 31, 2022 (Unaudited)

Function	2013	2014	2015
General Government			
Administration	1.00	1.00	1.00
Finance/Administrative Services	4.76	4.13	4.13
Museum/Marketing	0.50	0.50	0.50
Public Works	10.57	11.51	11.51
Community Development	3.50	3.50	3.50
Public Safety			
Police	49.00	49.00	49.00
Waterworks and Sewerage	34.47	35.00	35.43
Commuter Parking	0.25	0.25	0.25
Totals	104.05	104.89	105.32

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
1.00	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	3.25
4.13	4.13	4.13	4.13	4.13	4.13	2.50
0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25
11.19	11.19	11.19	11.94	12.00	12.00	12.75
3.75	4.75	4.75	4.75	4.75	4.75	5.75
52.50	53.00	51.00	51.00	47.00	48.00	51.00
32.30	33.00	31.00	31.00	47.00	46.00	31.00
33.65	39.34	38.12	38.72	39.01	39.07	38.32
0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25
106.72	114.41	111.19	112.54	108.89	109.95	114.07

# Operating Indicators by Function/Program - Last Ten Fiscal Years December 31, 2022 (Unaudited)

Function/Program	2013	2014	2015
General Government			
Public Works			
Number of Parkway Trees Planted	373	130	170
Number of Parkway Trees Trimmed	2,336	1,944	2,459
Brush Pickup Program (Days to Collect)	4.0	4.8	6.0
Building Safety Inspections	12	12	12
Tunnel - Paint and Light Lens Replacements	12	_	10
Special Events Handled	6	4	3
Community Development			
Number of Building Permits Issued	899	790	990
Number of Building Inspections	1,134	899	962
Highways and Streets			
Sidewalk Replaced (Sq. Ft.)	18,207	8,742	12,500
Crack Sealing (Lbs. Installed)	21,480	35,518	42,240
Tons of Salt Used	3,250	3,180	3,210
Public Safety			
Fire			
Number of Fire Calls	1,015	1,122	1,130
Number of EMS Calls	1,804	1,778	1,934
ISO Rating	3/3	3/3	3/3
Police	40.4	272	202
Part I Crime	424	373	383
Part II Crime	1,066	1,521	1,315
Calls for Service	33,867	31,053	34,028
Parking Tickets Issued	2,771	3,413	3,049
Waterworks and Sewerage			
Number of metered Accounts	6,435	6,428	6,471
Water Meters Read	34,000	2,500	9,911
Water Meter Service Requests	50	75	61
Water Meters Replaced	4,305	3,000	39
Average Daily Treated Water (Million Gallons)	3.42	3.36	3.45
Sanitary Sewer Repairs	2	2	1

Data Source: City Records

Note: Indicators are not available for the general government function.

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
135	106	110	160	180	134	133
2,430	2,958	2,566	800	3,218	2,600	2,295
5.5	4.8	4.7	4.9	4.7	4.0	4.0
12	12	12	12	12	10	12
6	5	6	10	4	1	13
4	22	19	15	2	12	6
1,155	1,044	1,352	1,264	1,110	1,132	1,167
882	1,056	1,211	1,251	1,322	1,209	1,257
11,142	1,884	12,545	920	11,464	31,889	15,183
32,000	35,360	27,330	-	-	51,669	70,538
2,500	2,050	2,270	2,540	2,700	3,967	2,478
,	,	,	,	,	,	,
1,095	1,113	1,238	1,250	1,138	1,439	1,439
2,073	2,134	2,339	2,350	2,148	2,371	2,371
4	2,131	2,339	2,330	2,110	2,3 / 1	2,371
329	342	265	258	271	251	261
1,427	1,456	1,589	1,596	708	692	692
44,087	42,780	40,713	33,516	31,689	33,868	34,623
3,780	3,026	3,094	2,301	1,293	3,860	2,134
6,452	6,450	6,455	6,455	6,457	6,551	6,635
152	29	-	-	-	-	-
1,471	1,252	961	723	586	594	595
75	50	35	16	20	35	65
3.54	3.42	3.66	3.62	3.43	2.99	2.99
2	4	4	1	4	-	-

Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program - Last Ten Fiscal Years December 31, 2022 (Unaudited)

Function/Program	2013	2014	2015
Tunction/Flogram	2013	2014	2013
General Government			
Public Works			
Streets (Miles)	174.18	174.18	174.06
Sidewalks (Miles)	111.00	111.00	111.00
Streetlights	961	961	1,046
Public Safety			
Police			
Stations	1	1	1
Patrol Units	27	27	26
Fire Stations	4	4	4
Waterworks and Sewerage			
Water Mains (Miles)	127.99	127.99	128.87
Fire Hydrants	1,528	1,528	1,537
Sanitary Sewers (Miles)	106.34	106.34	106.43
Manholes	2,211	2,211	2,213

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
174.06	174.06	174.21	175.02	175.02	175.02	175.90
111.03 1,168	111.03 1,168	111.38 1,168	111.38 1,169	111.38 1,197	111.38 1,197	111.38 1,197
1	1 26	1 26	1 26	1 26	1	1 31
26 4	4	4	4	4	26 4	4
128.87 1,537 106.43 2,213	129.64 1,551 106.43 2,213	129.90 1,555 106.60 2,217	130.05 1,557 106.60 2,217	130.05 1,557 106.60 2,217	130.05 1,557 106.60 2,217	130.05 1,557 106.60 2,217